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WRITE TO
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JOHANNESBURG

War Will Be Waged Until Unconditional Surrender Is Procured

.... Mr. Churchill

"THE GROWING MIGHT OF THE ALLIED WAR MACHINE WILL BE CAST INCREASINGLY AGAINST THE ENEMY ON EVERY FRONT WHERE HE IS TO BE FOUND," DECLARED MR. WINSTON CHURCHILL AT A PRESS CONFERENCE IN WASHINGTON, WHICH HE HELD WITH PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT ON TUESDAY. "OUR PLANS ARE TO WAGE THIS WAR UNTIL UNCONDITIONAL SURRENDER IS PROCURED FROM ALL THOSE WHO HAVE MOLESTED US. THIS APPLIES EQUALY TO EUROPE AND ASIA—UNTIL RECENTLY IT ALSO APPLIED TO AFRICA."

IT WAS INDISPUTABLE, SAID MR. CHURCHILL, THAT THE TIDE OF WAR HAD TURNED. BRITISH AND AMERICAN LEADERS HAD ARRIVED AT GOOD CONCLUSIONS FOR THE PROSECUTION OF THE WAR IN THE PACIFIC WITH THE GREATEST VIGOUR. ALLIED SUPERIORITY IN MANUFACTURE WOULD, IN SO FAR AS THE AIR WAR WAS CONCERNED, BE DECISIVE. "WE ARE THE STRONGER AND WILL NOT GIVE OUR ENEMIES RESPITE, PARTICULARLY IN THE AIR."

Enemies Will Be Given No Respite

The Prime Minister emphasised that he was depending on force of arms to bring victory rather than on any internal collapse of the Axis. Italy should be a softer proposition than Germany, he said.

"Our production superiority will be used to the last ounce. We shall follow the principle that all our elements must be engaged on the widest possible front," Mr. Churchill added.

"The superiority of production on our side will be the telling factor. By the end of a certain period we will have achieved a great superiority in the quantity of our manufactures—especially planes—and this will be decisive as far as the air war is concerned."

This, he said, would be poetic justice, as the air war was conceived by the enemy.

"We are more satisfied with the progress of the war than when I was here last," Mr. Churchill went on, pointing out that it was in President Roosevelt's study that he received news of the fall of Tobruk.

"The situation is very different now. Plans made then and before last June, and the movement of troops set in motion before June, have enabled us to alter the balance very considerably.

"Since El Alamein we have had a decided measure of success culminating in the complete obliteration of the enemy in North Africa."

Referring to the disastrous situation faced by the Soviet last June, he said that the fear that the Russians might lose the Caucasus turned into the joy of Stalingrad.

ALLIED HEAVY AIR ATTACKS ON SARDINIA

Rome radio says that heavy Allied air raids on Cagliari, the capital of Sardinia, has "caused the city districts proper to be abandoned."

The island—one of the most important stepping stones to the European continent—was target for a concentrated attack yesterday by the North-West African Air Force, says Reuter's special correspondent in Algiers.

More than 300 aircraft, including heavy and medium bombers and fighters planes, struck at nine targets on the island. They covered the airfield and port facilities with bombs.

Twelve vessels were hit in the port areas. Four small ships were sunk, one supply ship was blown up, and others were set on fire. In addition, two raids by American fighters and fighter-bombers were made on the important aerodrome of Pantelleria. Nine more Axis planes were added to the total of those destroyed during aerial combat in the past few days. An undetermined number were destroyed on the ground.

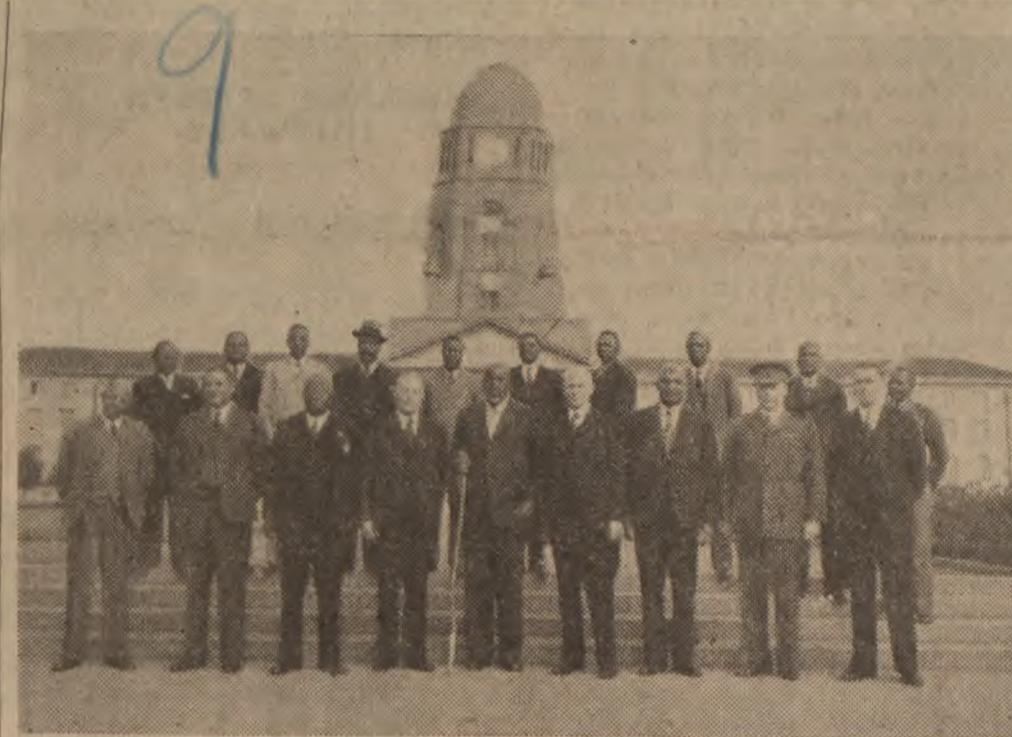
AIRCRAFT DESTROYED

Mitchell bombers, attacking the airfield at Olbia Venafiorita, in northern Sardinia, destroyed or badly damaged aircraft dispersed on the ground and started fires among buildings. Eight Axis fighters attacked the Mitchells and their Lightning escorts head (Continued in next column)

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PRICE TWO PENCE



PRETORIA MAY HAVE MORE AFRICAN SOCIAL WORKERS

The Pretoria City Council may improve its welfare service among Pretoria's African population by appointing three additional non-European social workers.

The matter was raised at a recent meeting of the Native and Asiatic Administration Committee by a deputation from the Pretoria Joint Council of Europeans and Africans. Mr. Dudley S. Mann speaking on behalf of the deputation, stressed the need for welfare services among the urban African community.

He pointed out that the recent Inter-Departmental Committee on the Social, Health and Economic Conditions of Urban Natives (generally referred to as the "Smit Committee") had recommended that posts for approved African social workers should be attached to municipal departments of Native Affairs. The Department of Social Welfare had expressed its willingness to co-operate by subsidising the employment of such workers to the extent of 75 per cent.

At present 16 such posts had been authorised, and, unless the Pretoria City Council applied soon, it might lose opportunity of also obtaining a subsidy for this purpose.

The committee has now recommended to the City Council that, subject to the salary subsidy grant of 75 per cent. being made available by the Department of Social Welfare, three non-European social workers be appointed in the Native and Asiatic Administration Department.

MORE ITALIANS LEAVE GERMANY FOR HOME

With the fears of an Allied invasion of Italy increasing, the repatriation of Italian workers in Germany to reinforce the home front is being speeded up, according to reports at Stockholm from Berlin.

Saying that the first contingent of Italian workers had already left Kiel, the newspaper "Kiefer Zeitung" says that the total mobilisation of German labour and the intensified use of the prisoners of war has made it possible to liberate Italian labour for more important tasks on the home front.



"GLAD TO SEE YOU
JIM — Enjoy
a FLAG
with me"



FLAG
CIGARETTES

on. Then they wheeled back to attack from the rear. The Lightnings shot down three of them and the Mitchells four.

Marauders and bomb-carrying Lightnings covered the aerodrome at Alghero with bomb-bursts, setting fire to a fuel dump and scoring hits on a hangar. Lightnings shot down two Axis fighters over the target.

Following the scouring of Dortmund by the R.A.F. in the heaviest raid of the whole war, the United States radio on Monday warned Germany that the Allied air offensive will be intensified till Hitler is forced to unconditional surrender. The announcer said, according to the London Daily Express radio stations:

"The attack on Dortmund, the most violent raid of this war, is but the beginning, because Hitler has lost the offensive striking power in air warfare and is impotent in defence. The nights to come may well seal the fate of other German industrial cities, and 3,000 and 4,000 tons of bombs will establish new records till Hitler is compelled to give up."

The Fortress of Europe is like a house without a roof, and cannot prevent bombing raids. Goebbels has been speaking about the 'serene calm of the German people—sitting in a safe shelter. But he, too, will soon lose his peace of mind."

Eziza No SAGILA-SOMTAKATI (Sikwaya)

o/o NTABA-ZIYASHUNGA, JOZIBEKE.

Kwakulumwa Isagila kumaNtaliyanu.

Bati lapo ababekona dena enha nezwemba amasotsha amaNtaliyanu na bawana. Jaliyanu eseewita eTunis baseBizera, ayezi lapo esentaza, kuyame uchiba kenti lapo kubalekwa awine amaNtaliyanu, kusule ngemvua amaNtaliyanu. Njengoba ke isaga sakaZulu isibso, impangele esuka mava ikolwa yizagila, nchala batu izipiszwa zakiti emleka enha nezwemba isagila zazisepulela kabu lapa epilo ledaliyanu, isiyane insizwa ngesagila epilo ixe isho iti: "Ngadhalu ngenkomo kababa kwezaMkize ngingasakali!" Liyoti hqala bimfumba pansi isinzuwa isagila chese isipelchela epilo kvelinye, nalo liyabala liyalhabba laia isibha tukwesinye, insizwa yamabuto. Pela izinsizwa lezi ozimnyama zikumbula ukuti abao bakaMkize baki bazipata kabana eTobruk ngenkati umKize ulugubo idhlozi lisahleke.

I StroomeiseisikaBaba

Izingane zamnewetu zamantombazayuna seziqala kancane aje ukahlakanisa, ngako iato enkufo kuzona ngukuba zibegamaStroomeiseis. Ziloku zaflula zima- uku lapa kabu nyobakona nim umshado nazo zike zibe ngamaStroomeiseis. Kutula kutula ngelinji flaqua, leza elahlaniye eyedhlala enye, loku zingamawele isti kumzali wayo, lapo kuheliwa etafulenzi kusihlwa. "We

JOHANNESBURG SOCIAL ACTIVITIES

(By Walter M. B. Nhlupo)

PEOPLE'S CLUB

This club caters for men and women and is becoming a highlight in the social wheel of the city. Every Tuesday night is guest night which is free to everybody. Games are played, music rendered followed by a dance.

CLASSICAL MUSIC

The Left Club is becoming a favourite centre for Bantu every Sunday night. For some months this Club has been giving classics in all varied forms: symphony and chamber, and Bantu in this city for the first time are being constantly given the music. The programme is by Mr. Joseph Trauneck who conducts a fine orchestra.

PRaiseWORTHY STEP

The Club must be thanked for admitting Bantu into these concerts free of charge and serving them with tea without charge. These concerts are not only high-class entertainment but cultivate the love and appreciation for finer art. Many Bantu begin to realise that classics have much in store which is not in jazz.

GAY GAIETIES

In the Bantu Men's Social Centre, on May 7, before a good audience, the Gay Gaieties gave a fine varied programme. The Mississippi Brothers, a unit of the Gaieties—and they have a few units—were featured in Chatanooga Choo Choo. The Hotcha Babies and the Nigger Twins who also tapped were featured in Sentimental Gentleman. Aubrey the Midget was presented too. The Merry Blackbirds played for dancing.

D.O.A. SHOW

The Daughters of Africa gave a variety concert and dance in the Bantu Men's Social Centre on May 13. The function was not a great success because of poor publicity.

The performers for the night were the Double Quartette, secondary High School, Alexandra Township; Mamphuba Choir, Crown Mines; Albert Street Methodist School; Anglican School, Alexandra Township; Misses Molokhlo, Mokotedi, Lesotho and Mrs. E. Liphuko; Messrs. Mogale and Majombozi. Merry Blackbirds played for dancing.

GOOD FRIDAY ABUSED

Sir,

Kindly give me space in your valuable paper to give vent to my indignation at the abuse of Good Friday by the present generation. Bioscopes held on this day lead to spiritual distraction and religious deterioration. The moral essence of the shows themselves is good and therefore immune from my present attack. But if these shows are calculated to supplement religious devotion appropriate to Good Friday, then every Christian worthy of that name must pause and call back his common sense.

I deliberately forward this argument, because our duty to God should precede all social amusements or even business. Good Friday is undoubtedly the greatest and most exciting event in the annals of ecclesiastical history. It is a day dedicated to prayer and contemplation on the passion of our Lord. Why should we repay that extreme and infinite sacrifice with ingratitude and irreverence? The wholesale conveyance of school children for amusement and bioscopes on this holy day is wholly irreligious.

Please keep your wits calm and allow me to explain. These shows distract the minds of the public. Many children do not attend any Church services at all on this day, and, still sadder, many teachers do not.

How can our children value the Sabbath day if so little attention is paid to Good Friday? Why not choose another day like Saturday or Easter Monday for these shows? This is a national problem, and at that a delicate one. I am now handing this matter for the discretion and judgment of parents, teachers and ministers of religion. So, here goes,

"VELABAHLEKE"

(Continued from column 3).....

sented him with a walking stick. He is succeeded by Mr. de Vries from the Cape.

Recently at St. Andrew's Church, Mr. Stephen Mokueka was married to Miss Esfimah Shai, and Mr. Joseph Mkonto, to Miss Alivimah Nkosi. We are looking forward to the marriage of Mr. Alfred Katide of Johannesburg and Miss Maggie Cave early in July.

THE PROVINCIAL WORKING COMMITTEE OF THE TRANSVAAL AFRICAN CONGRESS

The Names of the above Committee are as follows—

S. S. Maleka, Chairman; J. L. Ntandisang, Vice Chairman; Moses Mphahlele, Secretary; A. A. Mbelle, Vice Secretary; E. P. Moretsela, Treasurer; S. Maleka, Vice Treasurer; A. T. Seele, S. R. Mokoape, A. P. Khomo, J. B. Marks, P. L. Chueni, D. L. Ditsego, C. S. Ramohane, L. S. Gama, Rev. Simon Mokhele.

The above Committee regrets to announce that it finds it impossible to convene a Conference for the purpose of election on the 31st May 1943, on account of the decisions of the two Executive Meetings of the Transvaal African Congress held in Johannesburg and Pretoria on the 11th and 18th April 1943 respectively.

Hence the Provincial Working Committee summons all chiefs and members of Congress to an Emergency Conference to be held on Sunday 31st May 1943, at 10 a.m., 44 Diagonal Street, Johannesburg.

AGENDA: (1) Working Committee's Report.

(2) Date and venue of election Conference.

£8,300 COLLECTED

The University Rag held on May 15 realised £8,300 although there was no procession, except for the Jazz Maniacs and a few students. The street collection of which the Jazz Maniacs were concerned £3,477—a record for Johannesburg wartime street collection. £8,300 is not the final total.

JOHANNESBURG**SABIE NEWS**

(Contributed)

I am happy to record that all the Italian War prisoners in the district have been withdrawn.

Mrs. Florence Malinga wife of the Rev. S. S. Malinga of St. Andrew's Mission, is back home from her long holiday on the Reef.

Mrs. Cyril Afric and Mrs. Ben Malanga are also back.

Recent visitors to Sabie include Mrs. Ebenezer Nyawo from Natal, Mr. E. Letlaka Moleti from Mt. Fletcher, Mr. R. Mokueka from White River.

Last month we lost our popular magistrate Mr. J. Muller by transfer to Newcastle. The Advisory Board, through teacher Philip Manzini pro-

(Continued in column 2)

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The Bantu World

SATURDAY, MAY 29, 1948

"The Soldier's Return To.....What?"

Elsewhere in this issue we publish extracts of an essay written by an African soldier, Corporal W. S. M'Cwabeni of the Native Military Corps for the recent National Eisteddfod competition on "The Soldier's Return To.....What?" The essay, which is a plea for a square deal for the African after the war, won the first prize of the Non-European section of the Eisteddfod. Corporal M'cwbeni says "the Native's greatest need after this war, is not paternalism but freedom, to develop initiative and independence and thus become self-respecting. His cry will always be: 'Remember Sidi Rezegh—do not forget Tobruk.'"

We have, on more than one occasion, in this journal stated that White South Africa could not expect the Non-European soldiers, who have shed and are shedding their precious blood and who have distinguished themselves on the battlefields of East and North Africa in defence of democratic freedom and justice, to return to a South Africa which has the ingredients of Nazism and Fascism in her system of Non-European administration. We have stated that it would be a gross injustice and a violation of the principles for which the United Nations are fighting, if Non-European men who have shared with their European comrades the agony, privations and tribulations of the gigantic struggle now going on all over the world, were to come back to live under the discriminating and oppressive laws which are to-day causing a great deal of dissatisfaction among the Non-European sections of the South African nation.

To-day the soldiers themselves are telling White South Africa that they would like "to come back to a Christian South Africa," cleansed and purged of the dragon of race and colour prejudice, to a South Africa where Non-Europeans would have a place in the sun and enjoy the fruits of their sacrifices in defence of democracy. Corporal M'cwbeni says: "The fight for liberty will soon be over, and it would be a moral wrong if the subversive elements, the saboteurs traitors and Fifth Columnists should have more benefits from Allied victory than the Native who suffered and died Up North."

It would indeed, be a tragedy for South Africa if the loyalty, the sacrifices and the war efforts of the Non-Europeans were forgotten after final victory had been achieved and the bells of peace had ushered humanity into a new world. As during the 1914-18 war, the Non-European sections of the nation have to-day rallied to the Government's call to arms, they have refrained, in spite of the many disabilities under which they live and labour, from committing acts of sabotage and from doing anything that would have embarrassed the Government in the prosecution of the war. They naturally expect that in recognition and appreciation of their co-operation with the whites in this titanic struggle, the Government would see to it that in the new South Africa after the war, Non-European sections of the nation are allowed to live as free men and women so as to contribute their share in the development of the country's commercial and industrial activities.

Corporal M'cwbeni in his plea for a place in the sun, "asks for recognition that the Non-European soldiers, 'the best stretcher-bearers in the world,' should not carry the white man's burden, but share with him in the blessings of democracy, since they today are fighting for democracy." This plea, we hope, will not fall on deaf ears. South Africa, the leading state of the African Continent, is now called upon to put her house in order, if she is to play an important role in the harmonization of race relations in this continent.

The Non-Europeans are not asking for a republic or a flag of their own; they are asking for the right to live their lives to the full in a democratic country, the right

to participate in the good things of civilisation, the right to share in the government of the country, and the right to contribute their quota to the development of its resources. "The Native," says Corporal M'cwbeni, "dreams of a country in which there will be closer co-operation and greater understanding between Bantu, Boer and Briton, working for the common good."

American Comment On Axis Collapse

The following is an American comment on the collapse of the Axis forces in Tunisia, culled from the U.S. News Letter issued by the American Bureau of Information:

As Prime Minister Churchill confers with President Roosevelt in Washington they have one vitally important change in the strategical situation of the United Nations which must be foremost in their thoughts—the effect on all our grand strategy of the re-opening of the Mediterranean.

The collapse of Axis resistance in Tunisia makes it possible for fighter escourts and coast patrols to protect convoys throughout the whole length of the Mediterranean. This does NOT mean they can get through without danger or without fighting. And certainly it does NOT mean they can get through as securely as they could if Sicily, Sardinia and Crete were in our hands.

But they can get through, which means that for the same tonnage now employed on the long pull around the Cape of Good Hope we can double the rate of cargo deliveries to the Middle East, the Persian Gulf and India.

WILL AFFECT FAR EAST

This may go far to explain the reason for the presence in Churchill's company of Field Marshal Archibald P. Wavell, British commander-in-chief in India, and the air and naval commanders of that area.

The strategic problems of the Far East, as a whole, are primarily naval and shipping problems. They form a part of the global problems with which we must deal in our endeavour to make the power generated in North America and the British Isles effective in such distant parts of the world as India, the Southwest Pacific, North Africa and the Middle East.

Even when the shipping factor is constant, there always remains the primary question of its allocation to serve specific areas. The re-opening of the Mediterranean is, in effect, a gift of many thousands of tons of shipping—that is, many thousands of tons of additional cargo delivery capacity to ports from Alexandria to Bombay.

WILL INCREASE STRENGTH

Translated into terms of fighting power, this means that in all areas served by the Middle East ports the Allies can now make a much greater effort and accomplish much greater results than were possible while the Axis sat astride the Mediterranean route.

In Africa the Allies have eliminated a subsidiary theatre of war which was a heavy drain on our resources, and our lines of communications will be shortened more and more as the process of victory continues. This means, too, that we will be able progressively to concentrate greater war effort against the vital centres of our chief enemies.

We are about to make the Germans realize the difficulties and dangers of a war on two fronts. The same achievements that make this possible, likewise make it possible for us to present Japan with these same difficulties and dangers.

It is doubtful whether Japanese strategists ever have given any great thought to Tunisia, but what has just happened in Tunisia may be felt in Tokyo. This truly is a global war.

The rapidity with which the Germans were overrun by the Americans prevented them from carrying out extensive sabotage such as they committed on a large scale East of Tunis before yielding to the British, Boyle declared.

Much of the huge military booty was in the form of trucks, 88-mm guns, tanks and small arms, all of which will be given to the French who are suffering from a lack of equipment.

Discussing enemy transportation difficulties, the U.S. Army staff officer said the Germans were troubled in the last stages of the battle by an acute shortage of petrol and, finally, their distribution and supply system broke down completely.

"One supply dump we found held more than a million food rations," the officer said, "yet some of the front line German fighters had nothing to eat for two days prior to their surrender. Other units had to give up because they were completely out of ammunition although their supplies had NOT been exhausted. They just could NOT get what they had to the right spot at the right time."

"When the big American attack came off, the Germans obligingly let us go through their infantry without opposition. But instead of trying to smash on forward against their anti-tank guns as they had hoped we would, we just swung our tanks around and bagged their infantry in one pocket. Then we cut them to pieces and worked them over some more of our artillery."

"The next thing we knew there was a line of German Generals knocking at our door ready to surrender."

African Soldier's Plea For Square Deal

"The Native's greatest need after this war is not paternalism, but freedom, to develop initiative and independence and thus become self-respecting. His cry will always be: 'Remember Sidi Rezegh—do not forget Tobruk! There we suffered and died side by side for the perpetuation of the same ideals,'" writes Corporal W.S. M'cwbeni, No. 29535 N.M.C., Native War Records, Boksburg, the winner of the Non-European Section of the recent National Eisteddfod Essay on "The Soldier's Return to... What?"

Throughout his essay is a plea for a place in the sun, for better schooling, health services, training in technical and legal pursuit, for State-aided Native doctors, health inspectors, nurses to care for the millions of Africans. He asks for recognition that the Non-European soldiers, "the best stretcher-bearers in the world" should not carry the white man's burden, but share with him in the blessings of democracy, since they today are also fighting for democracy.

Colour Prejudice

He says that the Native, who is at present serving with the South African Forces, wishes above all else to come back to a Christian South Africa. "But colour prejudice has cast its ugly shadow even on the Church, with the outcome that the more enlightened African thinks once more of following the pagan worship of his fathers. The African's cry is This is a white man's God!" It conveys nothing to say to a man: "God is our Father and you are my brother in Christ" when, as many priests and missionaries do to follow servants of God, you let him in by the back door."

As far as numbers are concerned, the essay points out, the Non-Europeans are in the majority. They are also the most backward, and, therefore a prey to all pernicious practices. They are the most indigent and open to all diseases found in slums and squalor—diseases which know no colour bar. Africans should be trained to assist their own people. The Government should do all in its power to fight tuberculosis, venereal disease. Infant mortality is on the rise. This, he says, may be due to the disintegration of the Bantu family through economic reasons and municipal beer halls.

He asks for a return to the "home brewed" t'wala which has a low percentage of alcohol and is a healthy brew. Its ban has been the reason for much illicit brewing, despite beer halls all over the country. He draws in his essay a comparison between the morals of the people living in the rural villages with any location.

Corporal M'cwbeni asks for State-aided schools and that the Native schools at present in existence be strengthened.

The African Maternity And Child Welfare In Nairobi

(By Elyne Harrold)

In the African village of Pumwani, on the outskirts of Nairobi, a Native Maternity and Child Welfare Centre was opened on August 1, 1927, under the auspices of Lady Grigg Welfare League.

The League, which incorporated Child Welfare, Maternity and Nursing throughout Kenya Colony, was inaugurated by the Honourable Lady Grigg, wife of Sir Edward Grigg, K.C.M.G., K.C.V.O., D.S.O., M.C., who was then Governor of Kenya. The African Welfare Centre has since developed into a Training Centre for African Midwives through whom knowledge and practical help is being spread throughout the Native Reserves.

Female circumcision, which is practised among certain tribes, causes delay and complications in confinement.

An original Government grant was made of £1,500 towards the maintenance of the Institution and the Hospital is now financed partly by the Kenya Government, partly by the Nairobi Municipality and by donations received from Local Native Councils and private persons. In addition to donations gifts are received such as surgical instruments, hospital clothes and fruit and vegetables. The Hospital is run at present by a Committee of the Lady Grigg Welfare League under the Chairmanship of the District Commissioner, Nairobi.

The Hospital is a double storied stone building with wards and operating theatre downstairs and quarters for the African Nurses and Probationers upstairs. European Staff quarters are in an adjacent bungalow. In 1939 the Management Committee had under consideration the further extension of the Hospital but, owing to the outbreak of war, action was deferred to a later date.

In May, 1941, however, the number of patients was so great that an annexe was opened in a separate building. This was discontinued in March 1942. A proposal is now under consideration for the Municipality to take over responsibility for the hospital and it is anticipated that the present twenty seven beds will be extended to fifty when building extension is possible.

The Staff of the Hospital and Training Centre consists of the European Matron, Mrs. Dugmore, and Assistant Matron (also European) and four trained African Nurses. Sixteen Probationers are in training at present and the total number who have gained their

certificates is seventy one. Regular Lectures are given by the Matron and certificates are issued by the Government following the successful passing of an examination held by three Doctors at the end of a two years' course.

Applications for training are made for the African girls, usually sixteen or seventeen years of age, by the Local Native Councils, Missions etc., who receive reports on their candidates at the end of their training. When the girls have gained their certificates they can always be assured of posts in Government African Hospitals, but some elect to work in Mission Hospitals.

Salaries paid to the African Staff are as follows:—Trained Nurses 35s. to 120s. per month, 1st year Probationers 20s. to 20s. per month, 2nd year Probationers 30s. per month.

During the past fifteen years admissions to the Hospital have numbered 8,420 and births 6,374. Infant mortality has been only 392, including still births, and maternal mortality 88. In most of these cases, patients were brought to the Hospital too late for anything to be done for them.

The normal charges are 10s. for each confinement. If food is provided by the Hospital a small additional charge is made. In the event of the death of the mother, infants are kept at the Hospital up to the age of six months, and the father is charged 8s. per month.

Patients come from all parts of Kenya as well as from Tanganyika Territory, and include members of every tribe. In the case of complications, or the necessity for operations, doctors are called in, and the Honorary Visiting Doctor is Dr. E. H. Hartley.

Ante-Natal Clinics are held and attendance average about sixty a week. In 1937 fifty two clinics were held with an attendance of 2,076 which has increased steadily. In 1941 the clinics numbered fifty two and attendance had risen to 4,229. It will be seen from these figures that the African women are taking kindly to European endeavours to improve the health of their tribes, and when once a mother has had a baby under hygienic hospital conditions she will not willingly go back to the old tribal methods of her ancestors. With the spread of enlightenment it can be confidently expected that the African race will improve in both physique and mentality.

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LATE NEWS

TSA TSHOANE

(Ke Khongoana)

Che, Kgongoana e kile ea re khalo ea chakela hae Lesotho moo e ileng ea ka ea iketla ka lehoetla. Ho khus-teng ha eona ke ka e kena Bloemfontein (Mangaung) ke moo e ileng ea kopana le bo Rev. Modikoane ea ileng a bonahala a le bophelong ham-mohlo le Rev. J. Senkhe, Seephimo le Jefrou Mabote. Ae, Kgongoana ea opa khomo lenaka.

Che, mona Tshoane re boetsre re bona manyalo. Maoba re ne re e ja lenyalo la David Sebotsane le Dorah Mohlahlane morali oa mohlahlobi oa libese tsa African Bus Service. Kona ka hla ka bona hore khora e tla ba teng ha ho nyalisa Mohlahlane : ao, ke ka ke itelekela ho eu teng. Ha ke re halahala ka kerekeng ka fumananoo Moruti Lekalakala a t'soe-reng ka bokonatla a nyalisa banyali. E re ka hoba 'na ke ipatela lijo feels ka re ka re ke sa tiisetla, ao ka ba ka korotela fat'se eitse e se e le neng ba qeta. Ke ha ke re "jaa-so." Che, ba ne ba apere hantle banyali bana. Ngoanana o na kene boleleng bo bo-soue ba sejaole-joale; lieta tsoma ha ke bolele! Ha tsamaea a toboketsa ngoanana ea joalo-ja-a-a! Hamha eena. Ea tonia eona'e pteletsetse feels o billi e siton ke ho hetla e feleletsse semetsing ka botalo. Thaka ena e uch'a e se'e seha libaibai, che, a tsamaea setho ngoan'a batho. Ho tloha moe ke ha re tla ea hijong moo ke ratang baholo. Ke ha ke tla qhanolla. Mona ke Lady re ea nyalisa ha re bapale.

Ke utloa ka lesoba la monyeletsi hore basali ba Pelindaba ha eme ka maoto ba reka likobo setereke sefemong sena ha ke tsebe hore molatz keng ke tla ke ke botse tsa litona. Haele bona kea tseba hore tseba e tseng ha ba rate ho imprella ka hore ke ratiile litaba tsa batho ba bang. Ke ea bona hore likobo li tla ba se-karese. Che, khomo ha enye boloko kaofela. Banna ba Pelindaba ha ba mahlong le 'na ha ke tsebe molato oaka, feels ke tla ba chakela, tse'e tie e fele.

Mongali J. T. P. R. Molotsane oa Native Commissioners Office Pretoria, o kile a re khalo a fetela Serowa Bechuanaland. O ile a feta a bona metsoalle ka Johannesburg ke ha a tla fetela Serowe. Khele, monna eona oiheso! o opa khomo lenaka! O re se-chaba sa Bochoana se tsoetse pela haholo. E ne e le moeti oa Mr. le Mrs. Khonou Serowa; feels o re o ile a fihela liateng tsa Morena Tshakedi Khamha. Morena o ile a mo tsamaisa hohle a montsa li ofisi tsa borena. Mesebetsi kaofela ea tsoelopele t'soeror ke Ma-Afrika, le banana ko liateng tsa machine ea matsoho (typists). O bont'sitsoe likolo tse kholo tsa thuto le tsa thuto ea matsoho. Ke tseo he litaba tse monate tsa ma-fat'se a mang. O leboha Morena Tshakedi kamoo a ileng a mo hiokomela ka teng le ho 'montsa tsoelo pele en sechaba sa Bochoana. E bile o leboha bohole kaofela le eona Mongali le Motumahali Khonou o ea ba leboha haholo. Che, okhutla a shashile phomolong eo a bileng ho eona—ham-pa eena.

Re utloa ka bo bare-bare hore 'Masepala oa Hercules o batla li Lodgers permit ho beng ba lit'sa (stands) hore motho e mong le o mong ha a hirisa kamore a e fumanele permit ea ho a hirisa. Ho thoe ke 5/- kamore ka selemo. Ke tseo he lona bo "My property." Mara 'na nka lefa polane maan. Nkang khato le lona le e loant'se taba ena. Makhoa ana a keneletse batho lekoakoameng, ja maan! Lona baahi ba Ladyselborne utlo-nang le be ntho e le 'ngoe, tsamaeang lipitsa tsa lekhota la motse le be le utloane le bahiri ba lona le se ke la bolaso bahiri ka ho nyolla li rente. Batho bana ba Molimo ba ntse ba hloka joalo ka lona. Le se ke la re ha e le 'na ke seanya 'mooi ka leleke.' Che, ha ho joalo baratuoa. Khongoana e bolela 'patlaars.' Hampa 'na nt'so-arang ka letsoho !

metseng le metsaneng eleng meeding ea noka tse setseng di boletsao. A entse tshenyo e kgolo matlong a tirelo ea dibetsa le phahlo tse ding tsa nta. A ferekantsi diporo tsa ditimela gomme a entse gore batho ba 120,000 ba hloko moo ba ka robalang teng.

Motseng oa Duisburg le Muellheim makoteng eo batho ba tshabelang difofane go eona e ile ea tsemelloa ke metse gomme batho ba tsuile go eona jualeka ditola, ele moferere, basadi le bana ba gateela fatsho ke banna neng ba batho go ipholosa.

TSA GEORGE C.P.

(Ke Corporal Shadrack Sechotlo)

Ka la di 9/5/48 maitshiba a Sondaga, reile re ba mantsa le Merapelo (Evening Service). Merapelo ene a tsheore ke Moruti oa lekgao oa kerekeng ka (Anglican Church) o ile a rera (St. Luke 16 Verse 11-32). E ne e le "Thapelo" e kgolo ea "Masole" ka moka eseng a N.M.C. fela re ne re tilakane le bona "Basimane" ba (England) bao re 'nang le bona mo nang, ga 'mogo le di "Batana" tsa naga. Fela theru eo eile ea baa kgolo thata mo go rona "Bana" ba resa utloeng "Bagolo" ba rona Moruti a bua gore, rona baagi ba Afrika re tshoanetsa go leboga "Mopi" ou batho bottle, ene ea re beileng lefatsheng lena la Afrika. O re nton e akarelite lefatsho lotthe, ke lona fela lehatsho la "Afrika" le le senang ntona.

Go teng pina e ngoe, eo re e opelang ga re tsoa mo di "phafaneng," o tla utloa bo "Tom, Dick, and Jack" motho os teng re:—"Nkosi Sikelo" iAfrika," me o tla fitshela ele gore, re opela pina ena mo bontshong fela. Kajeno lena re dogetse "Magae" a bona rona, re nna le di "Batana" mo nang, re loela lefatsho lena la rona la "Afrika." Ke tla ka, utloa "Bana" ba sekolo, sa Rodeon Location School ba opela pina engoe le "Tichere" ea bona Mr. B. Mothusi, ba re:—Afrika lefatsho la Bo Ntata Rona, le eona pina ena ke pina e kgolo, ge o sebelisa kello ea gago, lego nagana ka mokgoa oo ntao e tsamaeang kateng. Mona Afrika ga e teng. Ke rapella le eona morena oa "Rodeon Location" ebong J. Verster. Ka mokgoa oo a tshoseng batho ba gagoe kateng Molimo o mohuse a tsoela pele ka mesebetsi ea gagoe ke rapella le bona "Banna" ba lekgotla la "Rodeon Location"—Mr. J. Koloane, Mr. K. Sennelo, Mr. S. Tawane, Mr. J. H. Sedumeli, tichero ea rona Mr. B. Mothusi gore Molimo o ba thusue mesebetsi ea bona e tsamaeang pele. Ke kopa le bona "Baruti" ba rona, Rev. A. Tshonye le Rev. T. Segone, ba ne ba re rapella. Sera rese tliotse. Ke tshoapore le bona bo, Messrs. M. Kau, le Messrs. K. Lese-yane, le Messrs. M. Matlala, bantse ba tsoela pela mesebetsing ea bona. Ke ntse ka rapella le eona "Ma Masiela" ebong, Mrs. C. Sechotlo, ene ea ileng a tlogelela le Masiela ka di June 4, ke re Molimo o ba thusue ba bone likhutsana tsoo ha 'moho le ena Mr. J. Sechotlo.

Tsogang MaAfrika latelang!! Kgolo-legend re e fumane.

PULO YA KEREKE DOORN-KOP

(Ke B. E. Tshihula)

Age! bagesho e kwang gore modiro o sepetse byang. Sa bobedi ke boikokobeto gobane ke le holashitse tlaa mo lagwedding tse fitileng. Byale modiro o a thoma. Modiro o be o filwa Rev. Mongau gore a bule ngwako o mofsa wa thapelo. Yena o dirile se moruti yo mongwe jo, yo mongwe a swanetsegoo go se dira.

A fiwa dinotlelo ke Mr. S. Thamaga, gomme yens moruti a bule mejako ye mena ka mantsu a mabose a Modimo. Ge ele monyanya wa pulo e be ele o mogolo, ka gobane dikgomo tse pedi di feletseng ka bophelo. Batho e be ele 782, baruti bona ele 14, ka di 9 May, 1943. Godimo ga ditaodiso tsa kgoshi Seth Ramabu II le Baruti ke tlo le anegela mantsu a monna wa lekgowa Native Commissioner, Mr. Wessman. Mantsu a gagwe shia:

"Ke thabilo kudu ge le mpileditse pulong ya kerekeng. Gape ke thabilo ge lema ka moka le Bapedi. A fela a isha pele a re, ke thabisha ke modiro ya lena ya diatla. Ke bona ge le kgonne go itirela moago o mogolo go senang lekgowa magareng a lena. A re ke kgahlwa ke ge le swere thuto ya Botatwesho ye ba le rutileng yona. Byale Bapedi bonang! Ke nyamile, thabo laka le senyegile kudu; ge mo motseng go na le dikereke tse pedi. Taba ye bo-tse leina le tee, e reng e sa be kerekeng a tee, ka ge batho e le batee Bapedi? Gomme a fetsa ka go re, Maruping go a boelweng, ke teng, sa boelweng! Lingwadi le legolo la ke-reke ya Luthere Bapedi Church if S.A. Rev. I. Z. Matlala a leboga mantsu ao a monna a lekgowa.

Byale ke rata go le boitsa tsa mona wo, gore o sepetse byang. Ngwako wo theiliwe ka 1928 ke mohu Rev. H. Mabogwane le molhu kgoshi Seth Ramatibe I. Ka baka la dikgang le go se kwane, kerekeng ya ba shita go fihla ge ba bila Modimo a biles a ba bilesa legaeng la godimo. Leboto ka mathoko a mangwe a le 4-5ft. go ya godimo. Moruti S. P. Mothabi a abewla Doornkop 42 ka 1940. Yena a bontsha masfola, mongo wa fela ka 1941 maboto ka moka. Ka ngwaga wa 1942-1943 baagi ba katane, le go rulela. Basadi ba katana le go bata fase—ngwako o phethigile. Byale ka bokopana re leboga banna le basadi le bathusho bole mo modirong ya diatla le dithselete. Thaka! Le bana ba bona ba thushitse, go ntsha mapene le bona. Koleke e biles 263:13 Ad. Ke fetsa ka go le gopotsa mantsu a:

"Mabogwane o logo Mogogobi, o reng wa timela, o robetsa maabane? Nna re re boyo, o tle o iponele, o kgone go kgobela tse elego tsaga. Dinku tsaga go shets'e thoteng, di lidisha rena ba re de bonang. Kgati ya go e tlo tsaga ke mang? Gobane ba bantsi ba go dira dikwero. Ba lobetsi le makgwa ya go, gobane madulu 'ago a ipeda o tlo a fa mang? Moetsa serathana o re ka moso se mo etsets'e!"

TSA LEBOEA AFRIKA

(Ke Sgt. J. R. Mohlamme)

Ke itumela gagolo go letsebisa gore bosole bo sa ntse go mantsa go mante, le bashemane ba Smuts ba koano ba sa nonne ba ntse ba raga-raga gantle gagolo. Ke ile ka bona monate oa bosole gantle mohlang ke neng ke kena Jerusalema motseng o galalelang moo matla a Modimo a ileng a iponagatsa lefatsheng ka diketsa kapa mohlo eo Jesu a ileng a e tsatseng neng ke kajeno rona re e bitsang Palestine.

Mo sellhopeng sa masole a Smuts a neng a ile Jerusalema go no go le teng e mong ea neng a tlhomogile pelo go feta bohle ba neng ba ile moo. Ga re 'motsa gore molato keng ga pelo, ea gage e sa phuthuloga joalo ka ba bang; a re eena o utloile bohloko pelong gobane o imeloa ke diba tsa motsana wa gage o ko South Africa. Ga re 'motssisa gape gore motsana oo wa gagoe ke ofe o mokao ko South Africa; a ve mo go rona motsana wa ga ge George Goch oo a o gadgetsong ke ba moratang bao a neng a ba sebeletsa, joale cena o ea nokeng ea Jordan ea Orlando moe go bonoang bo "mamolapo." A re eena kajeno ke modumedi, 'me o ilo rera tsa bodumedi George Goch. A re lebitso la gagoe ke ena "Pene-le-Enke" on metsa dibe eo a tlholoeng gobane a buoa nnete.

MAJEREMANE A FEDITSOE KE METSI

Difofane tsa Mangesemane le tsa Ma-Amerika di gakaletsse go rothotha metse ea Germany, Italy le ea naga tse galiloeng ke Majeremane? Bekeng e fetileng Difofane tsa Mangesemane di thubile madamo a mabedi a magolo, a agiloeng nokeng tse—Rhine le Ruhr. Madamo ana a ne a tletsese metse a mangata gomme e rile ga a thubega a eta morallo o mogolo, a metsi o ileng oa bolela batho ba palo e fentang 4,000, oa kgopa matlo a 50,000.

(Bona serapeng sa 1)



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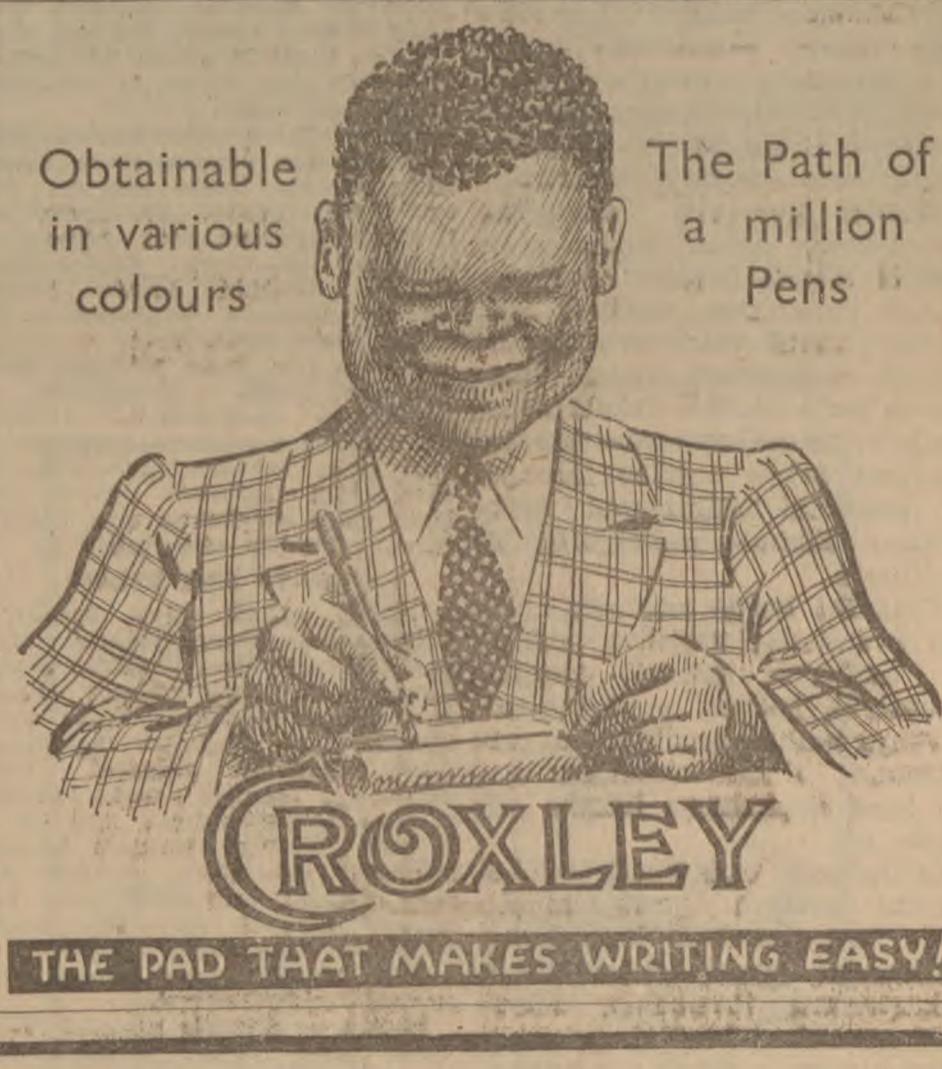
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Kamorao ho methamo eseng mokae ea JONES' RHEUMATICURO hoba teng phomolo le boiketlo ho mokuli. Hobe joaleka ha eka ho tiamolotsa mahlahlela a neng a mo tientse. Manonyello a ea phuthulolaha. Ho satalla ha litho ho ea fela. Mocheso oa fokotscha.

Majosha a Uric Acid, a neng a se a se people ka Maling, Manonyellong, Mesifeng le lithong tsa 'mele a ea qhibili a ntsotsa kantle ho 'mele ke phekolo ea Rheumaticuro 'me inokuli o fumana ho phahama liphateng a be le ho tsoela kantle ho ntlo ea hae.

JONES' RHEUMATICURO ese ena le tlleme tse fetang 60 e ntse e thusa batho ba khathatsoang ke Ho opa ba masapo, Ha Maoto le Mangoele, Nokla le Scholoholo le a mang mafu a bakoang ke majosha a Uric Acid. Ke phekolo e kholo e tsejoang ka bophare thusitseng moo meriana e meng eseng a tlotseng teng. Lingaka le Likemai li tseba hore Jones' Rheumaticuro ke moriana oa 'nete o tsephileleng o phekoleng.

Haeba oa kula, aku leke moriana oa JONES' RHEUMATICURO 'me re u tsepisa hore boitolo ea pele e tla hilafisa thuso.



E rekiuso hohle ka 3/6 botolo kapa u hlo a romele ho P.O. BOX 938, CAPE TOWN u romele chelele.

SESJ37-3

THE BANTU WORLD

SATURDAY, MAY 29, 1948

Imida Ngodushe

Kumasando omabini oluhlu lwemfazwe eRussia, entla ngase Leningrad naseantsi eCaucasus. seliqalile imikhosi yamaRussia ukuzibhakaxa kuluhi lokhuselo lamaJamani. ELeningrad ngezantsi kancinane kwedluleyo ikevi kuthathwe iindawo ezima 49 ezi-khuselwe lutshaba oluquiyulwe lungalindele kweziyine iindawo.

Ezantsi kumantla eCaucasus kubanjenwe nzima kunam-nawe wedabi ojone ibukuro laseNovorossiisk kunxweme lweBlack Sea. Atsho phantsi onke amalinge otshaba okubuyisela umva ama-Russia asele sondele kakubi apho. Umlo apha ubalasele ngokukodwa emoyeni lwave utshaba luzongza ngakumbi nangakumbi ngo-khetsh. Athimba ngobugorha a-maRussia.

Phakathi kwala masondo oluhlu lwemfazwe kuxelwa imikhosi emikhulu exhobe yaggiba ejameleno kakubi, yaye seiyavavanya qatha ngeentlo nangeenkanunu. Ukuthembisela naga-thi kuza kuphelela lixesha kungoku nje.

Ookhetshe bamaNgesi nab-Merika barhole inqaba kutsha nje. Bath ekubeni bengaliniki nelincinane ikhefu utshaba bay bakuhkezea intabalaala zama-dam amanzi embindini wesithili samashishini eRuhr ejamani. Indulumbane yamanzi aphume aphi kwedluleyo ikevi enze ide-mesha engathethekyo. Akanelanga ukutshayela imizi yamashishi kwaba kuphela adudule namakhaya amawakawa abantu, ziborho, ndlela zoololiwe njalo njalo. IJjamani iphalazelwe um-thombo obalulekileyo wamanzi empilo nowamashishini emfazwe. Phezu koko ookhetshe babaNcedani bathe rhoq ukuqhekeza nedamani nomlilo iiodolphu zamashishini ezemfazwe kulo lone elaseJamani.

Ukufewza komcimbi entla phaya eAfrika kuvulele ukrozo lweebhombho phezu kwelamaTalyane enalo lidondothelwa mihi le, kudibene nexhala lokungenelwa yimikhosi yabaNcedani. Kuxelwa isiyantayanta semfuduko yabantu eltya bengazi aphi bangasabela khona ngenxa yala magalelo ookhetshe babaNcedani, kuba ne-Rome ngokwayo akukho kuqini-seka ukuba yosinda ngobungcw-ele obungaxelinto bayo.

Ikwangalo magalelo angqabavu asemoyeni ookhetshe baba-Ncedani nasempumalanga ePacific. Axhwitthwa kakubi mihi le amaJapan eBurma nawkwiziqithi zomzantsi Pacific. Kuxelwa noku-ngenelwa kwesiqithi saseAttu yimikhosi yamaMerika eqhubela phambili ngempumelelo. Kuban-jwenwe gadalala naseChina aphi ookhetshe beMerika abance-disa amaChina bathimba into eza ngecalo.

Ibhunga likaChurchill noRoos-velt licaciswe phandle iijinjongo zalo nguMn. Churchill kwedluleyo ikevi xa ebenika intetho kwi-Kongolesi yomBuso wefo zwo. Uthe izixhobo zona banazo, injongo yabo'ngoku kukuzoyemisa shushu elufeleni lotshaba ngexesha elifanelekileyo.

OCELA UMKHONDO

Mheli,
Ndinodade wethu esahlukana njo 1944 ogama linguHarriet Nomsisi Mgadaleka, eKeiskamahoek. Wendela kum-pwakwaMajola. Ngoku ke sonenya, Harriet Robert Nkankula. Neolurhe kuvakala ukuba baseSenekal, Ukgumazai aphi akhona kundihlisele onwazi Onlwazi ke ngaye angandinceda ngoku-ndibhaela.

James Mgadaleka
Rietfontein Cons. Mines, Elandsfontein.

kanti ifundiwe ngabantu abaninzi. Nina ke ninencazo enkulu ngala magama mabini mXhosa-Mfengu. Ndyeke ngabom ukungathi ezi zizwe zibini ukuze ke nindiphe le ndawo, umXhosa lo wayephuma phi na, neMfengu ngokunjalo? Aaba hantu babengabizwa ngegama elinye na ngaphambili emva? Ingathi kum olu qhayiso alusebenzi. Ivonke le njo khanizibhene Xa lo nizilanda olu qhayiso lakuphelela emehlwani.

Geo. L. Ndubela

ABASHUMAYELI ABANCAFUNDANGA

Mheli,

Ngokwenjenje ndibuya ndizibonakala kubafundi bakho ababekekileyo matunga nalo imicibi ungantla, endaka ndabula ngawo kuyo le mihiathi ne-kwathi ndahaselwa kabuhlungu ngawo kune nabaxhasi bam sihlasewa yimpie eyay-nengondo ezithi noko siphosisile ukulasele abashumayeli ngale ndlela. Ngelishwa andibanga nakuphendula ntu ngao mihi ngesizathu sokungamampilo ngesizathu sokuxina yimicimbi. Kobe ke mlaumba kulu-ngle ukuthi ngoku ndibuya ndenze ilzwana ngayo le ndawo nje ngomntu owayiqalayo nothe ke wahlasela kangakanana ngayo.

Kambe ndizibile izithethi ezazichasene neyam intetho ndaziva zonke iindawo ezithe zazibeka iinkosi zam ezi. Ndizithi noko zinkosi zam ezi zezi-thethi ezazichasene nam ndevela ndihlabekile ndibuhlungu emphemfumilweni ndakava izithethi zihlabi zihlasela uncimbi obalulele kungakanana nge-nelile elusizi ngolu hlobo.

Zialobo zam inene ndifunga umama nyakuso nithi "Wayetshilo u-Nqalintloko waseVhustili." Umcimbi lo wona ubalulekile ngokuphandise emoyeni lwave utshaba luzongza ngakumbi nangakumbi ngo-khetsh. Athimba ngobugorha a-maRussia.

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NgolwesiThathu oludlulileyo apha ekhaya kuquibisene iTigers R.F.C. nengqokelela yabatshana balapha nabasePearston. Umdhalo obunzima kakbulu, iyinkwa ne-nkwa amacala omabini esijima. I-half-time ifike kungekho cala loyisiweyo.

Vintoni ke elangela loo nto? Kukungangi. Nalo Thixo banshumayelayo abamazi. Bathi ke bakoyiswa kuckuhela abantu ngoThixo (kuba kakolu abazi) bacinge okukuba eyoma ntu intle nebukekayo kuckuhela nokuphuma nomqayi ulungise aasa bantu bangavumi kugqobhoka. Thina ke abadeske bathukwe ngobuNqalintloko sithi ezi zinto sakuzibona sikhathazeke ngaphakathi empifumelweni kuba eyoma nqongo yetu yeoyuka abantu bethu basindiswe banhucueke ngelizwi lika-Thixo. Xa imihla nezolo sizikathaza ngokuthi siyokubonakala ezinkonzeni sikhathaza vinto yokuba sizi okukuba singaboni sinetyala ngoko siya ukuba misachathazebi ngelo gazi nithi sizube uxolelo lwezono size sibone siselapha kweli labathu ngempukuko esinayo ngokuthetha ngeelwimi ezimnandi neentetho ezintle okukuba ngenene igazi lemVomo lisichapazele kuba naku sizithobile sithetha nje ngabantu, naku sizithobile sithetha nje ngabantu.

UKUTSITYELWA NGOO"DAD"

Ngelishwa ke sakuya ezinkonzeni sifike kukho oo'Dad' abathi bakusibona sibeli phaya sizichebe kakuhle ezintlokwanza zethu sifake amaghina neesuti zethu baske oo'Dad' aaba layeko intshumayelo yabo batsibele kuthi lasiqalekise basithuuksele basizelole nokuksa oku nqalo kwethu kuza kusisa esihogweni esivuthavo. Kuthi kusenjalo sibone kwa oo'Dad' aaba sehekwrishana bethukana kwa bodwa, abyane sesethi "Hayi ubani lowa yana nale yakhe inkono unguSatana!" "Dningaqibha ngelithi bahlelo bam nna andifunda ntonje ndikanyi-lwe, noko into elolo hlobo andiviboni ukuba irhola ithamsa emva kwayo. Thina booNqalintloko iwonga asinanto nalo. Xa siza nezi zikalizo asikukuba sivabanga. Amawonga esinawo emi-Dan'swemi naseziPatini naseziBholeni asilingene.

NQALINTLOKO

Worcester.
(Ivaliwe ngoku le ngoxo saye siyibon inaxheba ethathwe ngawo omabini amacala.—Mheli.)

NCESIKHUMBUZO SAMAFENCU

Mheli,
Athi ke mna mntu ongakwaziyo ukuthetha! Ndisuke ndithi ndiyacikoza kanti ndiyawuphosa umcimbi ibe ngako noku ndivalela iincutsho zezithethi emaphenehi.

Kuyinraniso ngenene nkula isikhumbuza samsMfengu aphi eKapa sigxungulisa intliyi zaabantu abangayitha-ndiyo into entle komnye umntu. Sakulokolo sachukelana naxi, bethu ndibukela mdisithi sinempukuko? Le yetu ihamba nonoma na? Kakade phofu xa be ndiseloko ndingumantu ophantsi no thi ndakuthi ndiyaphuthuma asukhe athi lowo bendisoloko ndifuna ukulizingana naye asuke ablumise isithombomo somona.

Ezi ntetho ziphurayo ngesi sikhumbuza aziniki kuzakha kuthi lutsha. Amagama amabini umXhosa iMfengu ngokempukuko aakahlabani. Bendiba ukucekigana k abulawa kudala. Hati abantu abanolwazi lakwalaLang, abathi bona xa bethetha thina sizinkulelana zalapha, sasuka kwaNdabeni sez aphi, ka ngoko into esiyithethayo inje ngoku-sithetha. Ungade ucinge wena ungazanghe weza aphi uti yindawo naantso xa usiva bethetha abahlali ngaphambili ngenkubo yalapha.

Naali iphephe phambi kwam, ndifunde eli ngaku likeMn. Jas. Mafu. Ndilitbande kakbulu. Umntu lo othetha phandile ndivana naye kakbulu. Ndiya kubongoza Nkosi yam ngentetho yako ephucukileyo, ndingavuya kuthi

(Ziphelela kumhlathi wokuqala)

EZASESOMERSET EAST

(NguB. B. O. M.)

Phakathi kweendwendwe esibe nazo siphawule uMn. L. Bam okhaya liseMthatha ebaThenjini, oseSpring Mount ngentsebenzo, Iowlo usatsib'eBhai.

Sikhe sathi tshe noMn. Lloyd Lanza egitha ephuma ngase Monti.

Nomvangelu wethu uMn. T Grootboom ubhekise ngaseNdwe ayokuvangela khona. Nze-Cawe edluleyo utsho ngentshumaya emnandi, iteksi yakhe ibisithi "Uzibel' enima iziThixo zam."

Nesigxumekozu uNkos. Maud E. N. Ngozi usishiye ngesaqubhe, uvokutshu eKilmerton Practising School. Sibuhlungu kukushiywa yiloo ntokazi enobuntu netetha kamnandi. Simnqwenela impumelelo kwelo zwe lasemzini, kwave sinethemba lokuba saku-phinda simbone phakathi kwethu Hambo ntle Tolo!

Indulukile intsapho kaDywili vaseinga eRhautini phepheva kwe-Ligwa, uMn. W. Dywili nodade wabo uNkos. P. Dywili, kwa ngokunjaloo netitshalakazi uC. Dunga okhaya liseMonti. Bemk mangashadingxashi ngemvula na-ngengqele. Sibanqwenela ihamblo entle.

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Indulukile intsapho kaDywili vaseinga eRhautini phepheva kwe-Ligwa, uMn. W. Dywili

TO THE AFRICAN GIRL, WIFE AND MOTHER

DIFFICULT TIMES COMING

AS the war progresses, it is becoming increasingly clear that life will become harder for the poorest sections of the South African community. The coming of peace will not mean that the African, whose mass poverty is known very well, will be speedily relieved. There will be need for the rushing of food, clothing and medicine to ruined Europe whilst the task of reconstruction will absorb much of the attention of statesmen the world over.

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11-4017-6

be faced with difficult times, the African wife and mother must know what her lot will be, and, in no spirit of despair or panic, must set about educating herself on the best methods of meeting the trials awaiting her in the near future.

There is, for instance, the marked shortage of commodities that figure prominently in the diet of the African. This, in a way, spells further deterioration in the health of the African. There is the widespread shortage of clothing for babies, medical supplies and a few other items that are necessary for good health.

In a previous letter in this series, reference was made to the part women's organisations can play in helping African womanhood to see the nation through the difficult times ahead. In the matter of diet, the African housewife can be taught more energetically the use of substitutes for items of food no longer obtainable. Here, women's organisations can help the nation very greatly by furnishing the housewife with information on how to make ends meet; on how to raise vegetables for her family in her backyard and on how to make left-overs be used in a variety of attractive dishes. Some very constructive work can be done in the way of giving regular advice to young mothers on the care of children and on the best way of clothing their little ones or running a home. Our girls are going to find it very difficult to run their new homes in the difficult times, before us and women's organisations must be alive to these needs of the community.

As far as the average African housewife is concerned, to her, the burning questions are not the vote or the right to be elected to Pretoria. She wants to know how to make ends meet; how she can make her home a real home; what she can give her children and how she can help to keep them healthy and how she can bring in a few pennies to supplement the meagre earnings of her husband. These are burning questions to her and women's organisations can help her very greatly if they pay greater attention to these questions also.

Admittedly, all this needs a lot of sacrifice, but all really great

Continued in column 3)

IN AND AROUND THE HOME

HEALTH IN THE HOME

LEMONS FOR COLDS: Winter cold has already made itself felt in the way in which the common cold and chills are becoming widespread.

Many people do not take a common cold seriously—they either think they will sneeze or cough their way to health or do not know the insidious harm it does to their health. They forget that by dislocating the regular functioning of a number of organs of the human body, it prepares a clear way for the contraction of very serious diseases. A body that is being frequently and negligently exposed to cold loses by slow degrees its power to resist disease germs. Where a certain form of disease germ is in the blood system, when the body contracts a common cold, an environment is created in which the germ is given a chance to multiply and impair good health. Perhaps it is not so widely-known that the ordinary common cold is one of the predisposing causes of Pulmonary Tuberculosis!

The best way of guarding against this troublesome malady is to be careful not to expose the body to draughts of any sort; to keep the bowels clean and in regular motion and to be as warmly protected against chills as is possible. Where the body has been chilled, it pays to rush to bed and to keep warm, taking quantities of hot liquids and later clearing the digestive system.

For an irritated throat or a cough in its early stages, fresh lemon juice in hot water, sweetened to taste, will often prove valuable. I have seen some people dissolve an aspirin tablet in hot lemon juice and later declare that it has been most helpful.

IN THE KITCHEN

STEAMED BOER MEAL BREAD: Mix two or three cups of Boer Meal with a teaspoonful of salt and a little baking powder in a basin and add water until the whole is formed into a thick dough.

In the meantime place at the bottom of a fairly large saucepan an enamel plate whose diameter is a little less than that of the base of the pot. Allow a cupful or two of water to boil in this pot whilst preparing the dough.

When dough has been well kneaded, cut it into two or three pieces—not too large for the pot—and place these on the enamel plate. If bigger quantities of this bread are required, pieces may be arranged in layers in the pot, care being taken that the top ones are smaller than those at the bottom. Leave enough space to allow for further rising under heat. Place the lid on the pot and allow the steam to heat dough until cooked. When water becomes evaporated too soon, add small quantities of it, but see that this never reaches any piece of the dough.

When cooked, the steamed bread is nice and soft and when fresh can as well be used in place of dumplings. The best results are obtained when the Boer Meal is not sifted.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS

REMOVING PAINT ON CLOTHING: Rub the spots immediately with a rough wetted with spirits of turpentine, in a circular motion—if fresh.

CLEANING SATIN SHOES: White satin shoes which have become soiled may be easily cleaned by means of petrol or spirits of wine. A piece of clean flannel should be dipped in the petrol or spirits and rubbed with a circular motion over the soiled portions, a fresh piece being substituted whenever necessary.

things in life have been got through sacrifice. The African woman needs practical help—that is, help that will see her through her everyday worries and trials. Her struggle to-day is for the day-to-day life of the community, in other words, for bread and health. And it is here that she needs and appreciates the greatest help from her more advanced sisters. It is help affecting the home, more than anything else, that will enable her to discharge her duties to the African community with the maximum efficiency in the difficult times ahead. She cannot see the vision of her leaders if they will not come down to her level, and if they will not do so she will remain aloof from following them and Africa's progress will have been seriously hampered.

—EDITRESS.



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WOMEN'S ORGANISATIONS

SONS AND DAUGHTERS IN BIG CITIES

Dear Editress,

I read with interest your letter which appeared under the heading, "TO THE AFRICAN GIRL, WIFE AND MOTHER," in your issue of Saturday, May 15, 1948. I wholeheartedly agree with you when you say that both town and country women know nothing about women's organisations. You will find that the few town women who know something about these organisations have lost interest in them.

From careful consideration I find that there are two trends of thought. One is that these organisations should not only collect monies for the War Funds, but should also enlighten our womenfolk, politically, socially, economically and otherwise. It is understood that there can never be headway in an organisation that does not take the wellbeing of its race to heart.

I would go further than you have gone by saying that we are already facing these difficult times. As a race that has at all times lived under difficulties, we are confronted with a problem that these organisations should have undertaken to have solved and that is the problem of guidance in this trying time.

It is high time that we know what the policies of these organisations are, for when we look at their names "DAUGHTERS OF AFRICA" and the "NATIONAL COUNCIL OF AFRICAN WOMEN" then we feel that there can be no other name that would embrace the body and soul of the African women as do these names. So they should live up to their names.

INTERESTED.

(By R. Ray S. Majola)

There is always a problem of increasing worry to parents when sending young sons and daughters, especially those from rural areas, for employment in great cities.

There is always the query: "What should we tell our Sihawulo, or our Silibaziso, and how should we prepare him or her, for life in a big city?"

Young people nowadays meet with problems and temptations of which they know nothing in the quiet home-stead in the country.

And with that inward puzzle there comes another like unto it. "What, after all (say these parents), with our small knowledge of life and limited experience can we tell Sihawulo or Silibaziso that will be of any practical use?" Anxious questions these, and yet it is right they should come.

I suppose that I should not be exaggerating if I said that more than half of the cases "going wrong" is the result of this easy and difficult business of taking "pot luck." For life is not luck, or chance, or hap, or hazard. The whole of it is subject to mighty laws, spiritual, physical, some of which are known to men, some but dimly discerned, and as yet unfathomed. Parents who play with these forces are making a great blunder.

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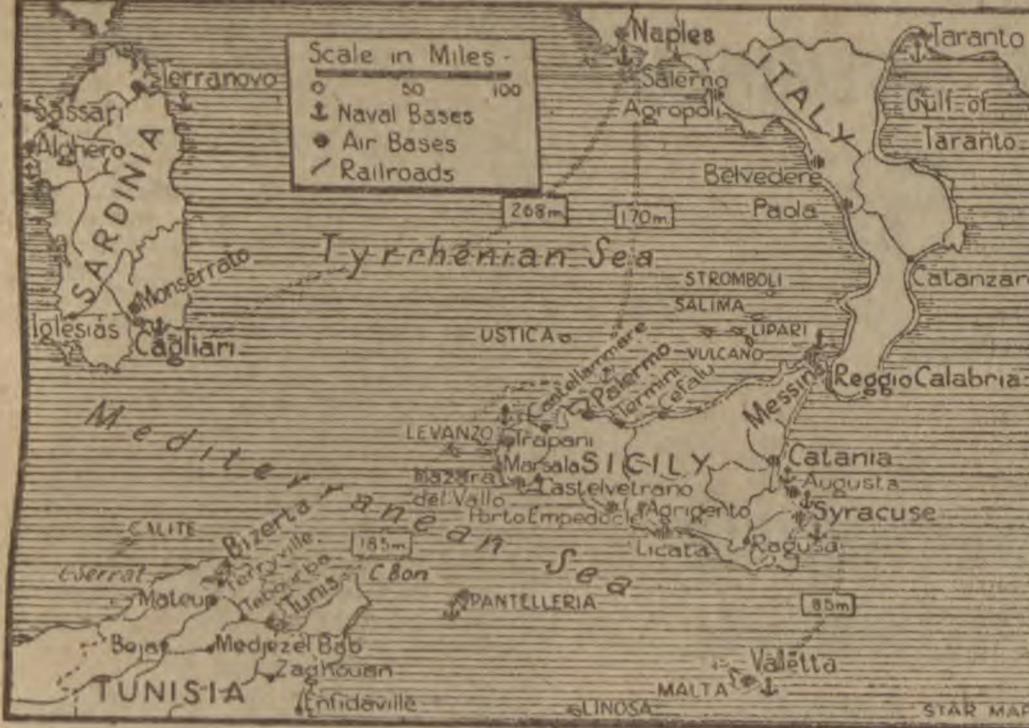
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Mafoko A Ntwa



TLHAGISHO E TSWANG MO KAROLONG YA BABUSI BA BANTSHO
EA KOPANO YA SOUTH AFRICA GO ITSISE BETSWANA KAGA NTWA

TLHAGISHO No. 169 (TSHIPPI E KHUTLANG KA 22nd MAY, 1943).



SEREPIDI

Setshwantsho se shupa maemo a Tunisia le lehatshe ja Italia eongwe le dithake tsa Sardinia le Sicily. Setshake sa Malta sa Britonia le setshake sa Italia sa Pantelleria di eme sentle gore ha mongwe a thasela Italia a gate mo go tsona.

Dikepe le difofane tsa Bathusanyi di dubakile dithake tsa ditsa Italia. Ha e le dikepe tsa bona tsona di ipatle gongwe me di tlaa patelesega go tla go lwa go sa nneng jalo di tla go ineele.

Kgapo tsa lehatshe le ditsha tsa Bizerta le Tunisia le dithake gona mou ke mananogo a mantle go thasela Italia. Ka mokgwana, ga re ke re eteletsa mafoko a rona kwa pele, me re na le go gopola, mo kgopolong re bona gore kgapo ya Tunisia e re naya serepodi le go tsenya Italia mo diphatseng. Setshwantsho se konelela mafoko otthe.

PIRIGANO YA MEFATHO YA MMABA MO AFRIKA BOKONE

Mephato ya Jeremane le Italia e ineteetse mo mephathong ya Bathusanyi. General von Arnim, mosimega-thlhogho wa mephato ya mmaba. o neng a tshwarwa le e ne gammogo le bo-general ba bangwe le batho ba bona ba ka nna 150,000, me ntwa e ke phenyo e kgolo ya mephato ya bathusanyi.

Mo tlhagishong ya maloba re ne ra tlhagisong ya mmaba a shubetswe mo sekutlwanieng sa Bon Peninsula. Ke gona mo General von Arnim a inetseng gona.

General von Arnim ke mosimegi leleshole ja seganka. Ineelo ya gagwe ke dithlhong tse kgolo mo Jeremane.

Lwabotlano 7 May, 1943, o tlaa tsena mo kwalong tsa ditso ha mephato e mogolo ya Jeremane le

Italia e pirigana. Hela kafa morago ga malatsi a mararo a kafa morago ga lemo tse tharo tsa thubako tsa Holland, Belgium le Fora gammogo le thubako ya mephato ya Bathusanyi. Mo lemong tse tharo tse hitileng mmaba ka ditsa-ntwa tse bogale o ne a tswelela mo ntwang. Gompieiro o lelela kgama le mogogoro.

GENERAL VON ARNIM

Jurgin von Arnim mosimegi yo nyeleditsweng mo ntwang ya Tunisia o ne a bona maemo a gagwe e se mo ntwang me e ne e le gore o ne a ratwa ke Hitlara ka a mmedite Messia wa Jeremane.

Tuelo ya mafoko auo e ne ya go go bewa mosimega-mephato. O tsile mono a ntse a tsokotsiga jaaka tlhaka la noka. O ne a sa itse gope mo lehatsing go hitlala a bewa mosimega-thlhogho wa mephato ka di 19 March, 1943, mo Afrika Bokone.

BATHO BA JEREMANE BA KGOGEGA MARAPO

Go na le dikai di le ditsi mo bathung ba Jeremane, leha e le mophatong gore tumelo ya bona ya phenyo e ntse e ngotlega fa pele ga baba ba bona.

Matofa a kako mo Jeremane a ntse a raya batho a re, Britonia le Amerika ba tloga ba re ntwa e fele go dirwe kagisho. E tlare kako e jalo e tsweletse batho ba gatilwe ke maididi a yona kgantle bangwe ba tlaa rabologe wa ba iphitlhele ba tapitegile mmele.

Ga go na tshepo ya gore Britonia le America ba tlaa bayaa marumo ha hatshe. Nca lepaku le lenong ja Amerika gammogo le Bera ya Russia di tla udubatasa go hitlala noga ya Jeremane e nyelala. Ba ikgopolelang mo Jeremane ba bona jalo me ba ba copolewang e tlaare tsatsi lengwe ba gagolake baaki ba bona.

BARUTWA BA JEREMANE BA PEGILWE

Kilo e kgolo e setse e apere Jeremane ka ntata tswelelopele ya ntwa e, le mo leshomong ja Hitlara ka nosi. Kilo e, e tsala thukhulho le boherehere. Moherehere o tsotsitswe ke mephato ha e tsena mo kolong sa Munich me e thasela barutwa ba basadi. Makolwane a gana go bua.

Ga tshwarwa ba le bantsi. Baetaapele ba pegwa me basimane le basesane ba le bantsi ba ya kgolegelong ya nyaga di le dintska govo gao tse ka kerekanya tsa-mao ya mephato.

Barutwana ba re ba lwela thuto ya mnene le kgololesego ya moyo ka botlalo.

TSHENYO YA MATAMO A JEREMANE

Matamo a magolo mo Mohne le Eder mo karolong ya Ruhr wa Jeremane a nyeleditswe ka R.A.F.

Metsa a matamo auo a ne a dira motlakase o diriswang mo madiheng. Morwalela wa shuma le mogororo wa Ruhr o nyeletsa diporo, madibogo le ditsha tsa metlakase. Tshenyi ya teng ya nna kgolo. Me ere ka Jeremane a sa ta'o thubega mo Tunisia batho ba gona ba tla bo ba kogebega marapo pele.

Mo bathung bangwe tshenyi ya letamo ga e kae sepe. Me gakolovelwa polelo e reng "Metsa le molelo ke batlhanka ba direlang beng ba ba boso-le sentle."

Ba ba itseng Queenstown ko Koloni ba tlaa gakolovelwa tamo le mo moggogor wa Bongolo. Le ba ba itseng Kingwilliamstown be itse tamo la Maiden. Hartebeestepoort gaufi le Preoria ene o mo moggorong wa metse a kganetsweng. Metse auo a didimetse hela me a bulele o tla bona setlhogo sa ona. Matamo a thubiweng mo Jeremane ga a lekame le a re buileng ka ona. Ga go na matamo ape mo Afrika Borka lekanang le ona ka bogino, me ka tse a e neng jalo thata ya metse auo e a boitshega ha a buletswe.

TLHASELO YA DITSCHA TSA MMABA MO EUROPA

Go tloga mo ditsheng tsa Britonia le Afrika Bokone mephato ya Bathusanyi e thubaka ditsha tsa mmaba mo Europa, segolo setona mo ditsheng tsa madihelo marumo le ditsa-ntwa. Mephato ya difofane tsa rona e dubakante madihelo le dithulaganyo tsa go tsamaisa ditsantwa go ya mo di batlegang. Hitlara o setse tlhagisitse gore phenngwa ya gagwe mo Afrika Bokone e tleka ntata go tlhoka kokeletso tsa marumo. Ha tsela tsa dikokeletso di ka songololo ntsana mmaba o le pitlile ka mogatla.

MOSOLINI O IKUBUTETSA KA KOBON

Ha mongwe a le monnye a tsenn-gwa mo kobong tsa ntlo e lehihi, o tie a boife, a tlhoma go na le selomi mo lehitshwanenang me ka tsela e ngwana a ikubutetse ka dikobo.

Ka phelesto ya ntwa ya Afrika Bokone Italia a simolola go aparwa ke lehihi, kafa le kafa ke lona hela, me Benito o monnye o talafaditse matlh. mmele. Adolsina o santse a etetse meletlong, ngwana o es i o ikubutetse ka dikobo. O fitlala go le diphatsa.

NTWA MO RUSSIA

Russia ka boipaakanyetsa jwa ntwa

e kgolo e thubile tsela ya gagwe ya go ralatla noka ya Donitsa me o gapile maemo a siameng. E-ke kganya ya pele ya ntwa e kgolo fa gare ga Russia le Jeremane. Jaanong gona Russia o gapile maemo a mantle a boitssetepelo a ka simololeng go thubaka mo go ona.

Mo karolong ya Kuba (Borka) kafa morago ga tidinalo ya malatsi a se kae, go simoligile ntwa e madi-madi me ga go ese go tsene mephato e kgolo. Kafa thukoring tsoopele go diriswa mephato e menya ya go lwela ditsela tsa ditsha le dithabana.

MAIKAELELO A SENG BOKHUTLO

Mafoko a, a tulwagetse mo setaa-taeng maloba. Re sholohela gore ba-reetsi ba le bantsi ba a utwile gammo go le diko tsa ona.

Re lwela maikaelelo: tlotlo boamari, tshiamo, kgololego, kagisho. Ga re kgathale gore go jaang, lefa e le nako e kae le boshula jaang me hela maikaelelo afa pele ga rona; ga a nyelele

KGOSI YA ITALIA

Go bolelwa ha Kgosi ya Italia e tlaa latlha bogosi me bo tsewe ke morwanga Umberto.

Kgosi ga e ese e rate go lwa ka se le motho wa kgobe. Batho ba yona ba ne ba pateletswa go lwa ke Mosolini.

SEIPATO

Hitlara le Mosolini ba tshasa batho ka mahura mo matlhong ka malotle a mephato ya bona mo Afrika Bokone. Ba orisa bogwaka jwa mashole a bona ka ba re, ga ba fenngwa ba ne ba thubka dibetsa. Ba re mashole a bone a dirle tire e ba neng ba e romilwe. Mosolini ene o re: "Ke e naya sedi-ka tsheka boganka jwa mephato ya rona." Ga go utwile gore mafoko afa a kayang me hela re itse a le diphatsa.

MR. CHURCHILL O ETALA AMERIKA

Mr. Winston Churchill, mosimega-thlhogho wa Britonia o ne a jetse Amerika nala go ya go ipua le President Roosevelt.

Mafoko a bona ga twe e ne e le a ntwa, kamou ba ka latlhelang thata ya bona yothle ka gare ga yona.

TIRO E MOTLHOHO

Mo malatsing ano re bona batho ba le bantsi mo separong sa mashole me ba re ka ba bona ka bontsi jo bo ba tang re itse gore amaruri re tla lwana tota.

Monna yo kana a tswa kwa ntwang tota yo bonying mathata olthe a tlhoga mo diksakeng le diphatseng me a tle go ikhutsa a ka kopana le ba apereeng me ba tlhola ba dutse mono gae ba kwala ba sa itse gore tlhobolo e luwa-jang. Leshole le tlheng boikhutsong lo ka tlhokofala. Ga a lebile ekare di go dia lekanelsi, a ipotsa a re: Ke ka ntlhong motho yo a kgobole kgotseng mo gae ntwa rona re tshwero tiba ka dingana". Ka nako ngwe ga a fose me nako ngwe o a fosa.

Mo ntwang tsa khale batho ba ne ba te ba romela makau lolaha lo loshiwena go shupa ha e le mapshaga me gompiene re rata go shupa ha mokgwa o jalo o sa siama.

Ekile ya re nako ngwe lekau le dutsa le kgarebe mo ketsing ko London ka maikaelelo. Ka tsela e, gona le banwgwe ba separong me ba se kakeng ba iswa kwa pele ka ntata bokowa. Tota tota se re ratang go se tlhagisitse ka lehatshe me e tlaa re ba bokole tsheka go tlhobolo ka tlheng boikhutseng se kwa kgakala. Kafa morago ga nako mosimegi o mogolo wa Britonia gona monou a ba a kgatla tsheka go tlhobolo ka tlheng boikhutseng se kwa kgakala. Gompieiro o ne af kalola matlh a shwa a sa bona se kepe ka Fora se tla go mo tsaya. Kgosi e tone Napoleon a bolokwa hela mo pupung ya Longwood mo setlhakeng se kwa kgakala. Kafa morago ga nako mosimegi o mogolo wa Britonia gona monou a ba a jala mo tikologong ya pupu, Gompieiro di ka fitlhewa di ntse le tsotokotsega mo lebopong la noka di akgakaka tsa tsoma mo metsing.

Britonia o na le tlhaka di dints mo mawatleng. Go bayi Hitlara mo St. Helena e tla bo e le tlontlojolo ha nako ngwe gatla fitlhewa go tlhobolo ka tlheng boikhutseng se kwa kgakala. Kafa morago ga ntwa e tshwero Conference ka Easter me ya komeleka ka go re madi a romelwe ko a ga Moemela-Kgosi.

Ka Kommissinara, Nqutu, go tla 2s. 2. 6. ya kabolo ya Christian Apostolic Church in Zion of South Africa.

Ka thomelo ya £2. 3. 7. ka Kommissinara, Sterkspruit, C.P., Letona George Metholakulu ore: "Ke itumelela go romela le kologano ya maina a bantsi ba madi a ntwa mo metseng o wa Tugela Location. Bantsi ba elela ka plo yothle gore Kgosi tona King George VI gammogo le Bathusanyi ba tswa ka sekgele se phenyo. Madi a thuse mashole a bona."

Tokolo tsa African Holy Apostolic Church in Zion di romela 12s. 6d. ka Kommissinara, Johannesburg.

2s. 6d. e tswa mo go Ishmael Monnakkola a oketsa neo tsa gagwe tsu sefowane. Madi a tsile ka Kommissinara wa Ventersdorp.

Kleinboot Masimula wa Middelburg, Tyl, o nele Kommissinara 10s. ya madi a Moemela-Kgosi.

7s. ya Bantsi ba Eastern Caprivi Zipfel, Katima Mulilo, P.O. Sesheke, via Livingstone, Northern Rhodesia, e tleka ka Kommissinara.

Re elela go tlhagisitse bantsi ba tlhobolomele jwa rona a bopelontle

ba tlhob

Who's Who In The News This Week

Mr. C. T. C. Xabanisa, of the Wilberforce Institute, spent the holiday week-end with his brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Tytus, of W. N. Township.

Mr. Mordecai S. Xaba, Head Clerk, East Champ D'or Mine, accompanied by his brother, Isaac Xaba, Induna at the Chamber of Mines, recently visited Orlando as guests of Mr. and Mrs. Mordicai J. Xaba.

Chief A. J. Luthuli, of Groutville Mission Station, recently returned to Natal after attending a conference of the Christian Council held at Roodpoort. Chief Luthuli is one of the most progressive chiefs in Natal, and was one of the delegates representing South Africa at the International Christian Conference in India. He is a keen sugar farmer and an active and selfless leader of youth.

Nurse Eileen Sililo, of the Durban Municipal Health Department, has returned to Durban after a fortnight's leave spent with friends at Sophiatown.

Mr. Abraham Mofokeng, of the Methodist School, Vereeniging, recently visited relatives and friends at Orlando. Among the many acquaintances he met were Messrs. P. D. Phamotse of Orlando and Mr. H. T. Dlamini.

Corporal M. P. Bulube, of "Bulube's," Butterworth, has returned home after an absence of two years with the Second Division, "Q" Services, in the Middle East.

On May 1, 1943, at the Kimberley Wesleyan Church, Florida, the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jacobs, of Douglass, was married to Mr. L. G. Nchoyan, of Kimberley.

The Metaphysical Society of Johannesburg held its monthly meeting last week Monday at the African Domestic Workers Club c/r Bree and Diagonal Streets. Among those present were Messrs. W. Nkomo B.Sc., de Wet Matso, S. T. Mokotedi and E. B. Mathabathe.

Mr. D. M. Denalane presided at the monthly Committee meeting of African Domestic Workers Club held the other week. Among those present were Messrs. T. P. Phibhela, A. Mopeli, J. Mopeli, P. Matile, E. Mathabathe, P. K. Sebela and S. Mokotedi.

Mr. B. Nkoane, the eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Nkoane married Miss Bella Matu, the fourth daughter of the late Mr. M. Matsepe and Mrs. Matsepe at Vereeniging during the Easter holidays.

Mr. A. E. T. Matl, workforeman of the "Bantu World," accompanied by his family, visited relatives at Payneville, Springs, last Sunday.

The Transvaal African Students' Association, Central Rand Branch, will hold the annual Winter Reception at the Ritz Hall, on July 14, 1943. Admission will be by membership cards only. Mr. L. A. Gama, B.Sc., of Meyer Street, Sophiatown, is the Secretary to whom all enquiries should be directed.

The "T.A.S.A." the official bulletin of the Transvaal African Students' Association, will be issued soon.

The Rev. Louis Phillips, of Potchefstroom, was in the city during the week-end.

Mrs. Mazibuko and her sister Miss L. Tilo, both of Potchefstroom, were in the City during the week-end.

Mr. S. J. J. Lesolang, President of the T.A.F.A. gave an inspiring address at the meeting of the South West District on Saturday, May 22, 1943. The theme of Mr. Lesolang's speech was the inadequacy of the new teachers' salary scales.

Mr. E. E. Dlodlo, of the Utrecht Govt. Nat. School, recently visited his brothers in the City. He also met Mr. B. B. Mhlongo one of his old acquaintances.

Everybody should patronise and give full support to the concert and dance to be held at the African Domestic Workers' Club, corner of Diagonal and Bree Sts., on the night of Friday, June 11, 1943. The function is run exclusively in aid of the Non-European School for the Blind. Mr. W. Nkomo, B.Sc., will open the event, and Messrs. S. T. Mokotedi and E. B. Mathabathe are the ushers.

Mrs. S. Nkhase, who recently arrived on the Rand on a brief stay with her family and relatives, returned last week Friday to Leribe, Basutoland.

Miss Kathleen Malange, of Potchefstroom, was in the city during the last week-end.

His friends will be pleased to learn of the recovery of Mr. Stephen Maputle-Mphahlele, Supervisor of schools after an illness which pinned him down for about a month.

Mrs. Stephen Maputle-Mphahlele, of Sophiatown, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Cedric Phatudi-Mphahlele, of Payneville, Springs, last week-end.

RUSTENBURG LOCAL COUNCIL
Applications are invited from qualified nurses for a post outside Rustenburg town. Applicants should state what qualifications they possess, and forward copies of recent testimonials. Salary £81 x 12-£103 per annum with uniform allowance of £2 per annum in respect of nurses with midwifery qualifications and £21 x 12-£31 plus £3 uniform allowance per annum in respect of general nurses. Apply to: Chairman, Rustenburg Local Council, P.O. Box 104, Rustenburg. x29

NOTICE

Will the relatives of Elizabeth Letake communicate with me: William Manasoe, No. 80 9th Ave., Alexandra Township. 8018-29

J.B.F.A. VERSUS J.A.F.A.

An excellent treat will be accorded Johannesburg football fans next Monday, May 21 when the two main soccer bodies of the city, the Johannesburg Bantu Football Association and the Johannesburg African Football Association, will field two representative teams each in a trial of strength between the two associations at the Wemmer Sports ground.

Incidentally, the Johannesburg African Football Association is the progeny of the Johannesburg Bantu Football Association dating its existence from 1933, and for the first time in ten years the child (a fully grown up one indeed) is going to measure itself against its parents. It should be a very spectacular show which should not be missed by football lovers and the shilling entrance fee to the ground is not too high for the occasion. Apart from curtain-raiser matches the first match begins at 2 p.m. and the principal match at 4 p.m.

TRANSVAAL N.R.F. UNION

Fixtures for 30-5-43

DU TOIT CUP: Wallabies 'A' versus Rose Rapids 'A' Crown Mines 11.30; Queenspark 'A' versus Boiling Waters 'A' Crown Mines 12.30; Orlando High School versus Swifts, Crown Mines 1.30; Venterspost 'B' vs. Morning Stars, Battery Reef 2.30; Lily White versus West Rand Rangers 'A' Battery Reef 3.30.

BIG BEN CUP: Hungry Lion versus Hungry Lion 'A' State Mines 12.30; All Blacks versus Boiling Waters State Mines 1.30; Crusaders 'A' versus Universals State Mines 2.30; Crusaders versus Swifts State Mines 3.30; Venterspost versus Orlando Bro. Crown Mines 2.30; Olympic versus Queenspark, Crown Mines 3.30.

LAST WEEK-END RESULTS

Wallabies 'A' w.o., Swifts 'A'; Queenspark 'A' 3, Rose Rapids 'A' 0; Boiling Waters 'A' 3, Orlando High School 0; West Rand Rangers 'A' 16, Venterspost 'B' 0; Lily White w.o., West Rand Rangers 'B'; Venterspost 'A' 18, Morning Stars 3; Olympic 4, Wallabies 3; Venterspost 8, West Rand Rangers 0; Crusaders 'A', Boiling Waters; Crusaders, Hungry Lion 'A'; All Blacks, Swifts; Rose Rapids, Universals.

OLYMPICS BEAT WALLABIES

(By Mtutuzeli)

After playing three drawn matches this season against West Rand Rangers, Venterspost, and Orlando Brothers, Olympic beat Wallabies 4-3 last Sunday at Venterspost in a fast game.

Wallabies getting the first ball from the scrum, Ximiya passed to Ndlovana who dashed through to score at the corner, the kick failed, the score was 3-0 in favour of "Bies."

In the second half, Olympic whose forwards were tireless, penetrated their opponents' 25, and the ball was passed to D. Myeku who dummied three men and dropped a beautiful drop-kick leaving the Olympic winners by 4-3.

TRANSVAAL AFRICAN FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION

"HENOCHSBERG" CUP LOG

1943

1. Johannesburg Africans F. Association, 12 points.
2. South East Rand Dist. A. Association, 11 points.
3. East Rand Dist. A. F. Association, 11 points.
4. Alexandra Africans F. Association, 6 points.
5. Eastern Transvaal, 5 points.
6. Union Steel Africans F. Association, 5 points.
7. W.D. and West Rand both in default, 0 points.

Foregoing is the official log of the above Competitions run on May 22, 23 and 24, 1943; and as a result of which Johannesburg Africans Football Association was declared "WINNERS" of the Cup for the season 1943.

WEST RAND BANTU FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION

(By A. S. Mohohlo)

The annual general meeting of the West Rand Bantu Football Association was held recently in the Bhongweni Hall, Robinson.

After the reading and adoption of the minutes of the 1942 annual meeting and the financial statement, the following were elected office bearers for 1943:

Patrons: Messrs. A. E. Smith, Robinson Compound Manager; Goss, West Rand Compound Manager; Lamb, Venterspost Compound Manager; Deeks Millsite Compound Manager; McClukie, South Compound Manager; and Dowdeswell, Randfontein Location Manager.

Presidents: Messrs. J. G. Gubevu, J. Cele, Bhengu, West Rand; Secretaries: Messrs. R. A. Mavuso, General; A. S. Mohohlo, Recording; Z. B. Kambule, Organiser.

£5 MOPUTSO

Valve le kgethsana ya yona di Iahlile Marshall Street gaaf le Berea Road ka Mantua 24, Mothseganong ka nako ye e ka lang 3 p.m. Yaa di thotseng o kopwa gore a di kguthise tse go MacDonald Forman & Co., 32 Trump Street, Selby, kapa diciswa tsa "Bantu World" nimo otla NEWA MOPUTSO wa £5. Mothene wona o ka se be le thuso go methodi ge e se go monye fela. 8031-5

£5 REWARD

Valve and valve cage lost in Marshal Street near Berea Road on Monday, 24th May, at about 3 o'clock. Will the boy who found this machine part please return it to MacDonald Forman & Co., 32 Trump Street, Selby, or to the Bantu World Offices, when a reward of £5 will be paid to him. Machine part will be absolutely valueless, to anyone except the owner. 8031-5

IMALI EBOLEKISAYO NGEMIHLABA

Ngenzalo 5½

(NGENYANGA)

E

SOPHIATOWN, MARTINDALE, NEWCLARE, KLIPTOWN, etc.

*Kakubizwa Enye Imali
Yenkokelo Nenzozo*

BUZA KWABE

J.B.S.

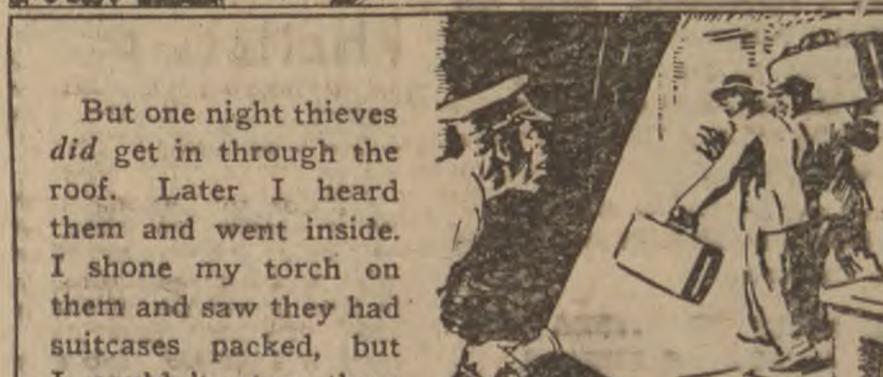
JOHANNESBURG BUILDING SOCIETY

Sub-Branch: — Stability Buildings,
3, New Street North, Phone 33-0618, JOHANNESBURG.

HOW THIS TORCH HELPED ME TO GET MORE PAY



This is my boss's store and my job is to look after it during the night and see that no one gets in.



But one night thieves did get in through the roof. Later I heard them and went inside. I shone my torch on them and saw they had suitcases packed, but I couldn't stop them from getting away.



I had to go to the Police Station later to identify them and the stolen things. My boss was glad to get everything back and rewarded me with higher wages. That's why I call my Eveready Torch my 'Best Friend.'

If you have a torch, take good care of it and you too, will find it a good friend. Take it wherever you go and remember, always refill it with Eveready Batteries because they are made in South Africa and therefore last longer.

EVEREADY
TRADE MARK
TORCHES-BATTERIES-BULBS

No. 1 NATIONAL CARBON CO. (PTY.) LTD., Port Elizabeth.

The Bantu World

SATURDAY, MAY 29, 1943

Printed and published by The Bantu World at their works, 14 Perth Road, Westdene, Johannesburg.

BALOETSI: Melain Ointment a phekola liso, ho hloholo le boloetsi ba letlalo, e phekola sefahlelo se nang le mabadi. Theko ke 1/9 le 3/6. Melain Purifier e phekola maloetsi a senya, moreto o sa blockang, dibishi tsa motso, malada le liso. Theko ke 3/6, 10/6 le 21/6.

TEMOSO: Alassyn e phekola ho ho hlofa, serame, sefuba, mafabia, melihloiane, ho hatsela, memetsa, ho fehloana mphifela, ho ethumula, ho behan diboko tse nang le kotsi mo metsong, o blockisa dinke, e thusa ba bacha le la batala. E fodisa ho hlofa le serame kapela. Theko 1/6 le 2/6. RIGHOUSE'S Chemists, 71, Loveday Street, Box 5505, Johannesburg. Malito a hlahloja kantle le sefo. Theko ea diforelo e tlae. T.C.

Dress suits, top hats and all clothing requirements for weddings and parties may be hired from Roma Clothing Agency, 110 Jeppa Street, (cor. Diagonal Street), Johannesburg. Pay us a visit or phone 33-7742. T.C.

FOR SALE

Pianos and organs for sale. Cheap. General Radio Co., 78 Small Street, Johannesburg. x19

WANTED AT ONCE

Fully qualified Harness maker, starting salary £2 per week. Apply: "Al" Electric Ice Cream Factory (Pty) Ltd., 17 Margaretha Street, Pretoria. x29

WANTED:

NATIVE DISTRICT NURSE

Applications are herewith invited for the post of Native Nurse, to serve the five locations under the jurisdiction of the Local Board. State salary required. Apply in writing, enclosing Medical Certificates and Testimonials, before 7th June 1943, to the Secretary, Kirkwood Village Management Board, Kirkwood, C.P. x5

WANTED

Wanted qualified teacher. Thorough knowledge of Afrikaans; Sesuto or Zulu. Member of Dutch Reformed Mission church. Apply: Manager, United Native School, Frankfort. x29

WANTED

Female assistant wanted for the Bethel Practising School as from 21st July, 1943. Apply to: Principal, Bethel Training Institution, P.O. Bodenstein. x29

WANTED

Experienced clerks, male and female, honest and reliable, required for office in Pretoria and Johannesburg. References essential. State age and education. Apply: The Manager, Free Bookkeeping Correspondence School, Box 8219, Johannesburg. 6016-23

WANTED: URGENTLY

Female teacher: Marishane Tribal School primary department. Must be bilingual and able to teach through medium of Sepedi. Interest in sport and wayfaring a recommendation. Apply enclosing recent testimonials to: Principal, Marishane Tribal School, Private Bag M228, Middelburg, Tyl. Successful applicant to report for duty on 18th July, 1943. 8017-29

WANTED

African Woman Social Worker for Non-European Child Welfare Society. Write stating full particulars of training and experience to Hon. Sec. Non-European Child Welfare Society, Krugersdorp, Box 94. Krugersdorp. x29

WANTED

Nursery School Teacher for Crocet in Munsieville Location, Krugersdorp. Write giving full particulars of training, experience of teaching and salary required to Hon. Sec. Non-European Child Welfare Society, Box 94, Krugersdorp. x29

WANTED

Teachers wanted with Matriculation or Degree and professional training. Also Teacher with a T4 or T5 qualification. Also lady teacher with Industrial Training. For further particulars, apply to: Dr. D. Rynd, R.F.M. Hospital, Bremersdorp, Swaziland. x29

BLIND INSTITUTE OF ROODEPOORT

Required to begin work 1st August. Assistant Instructor, qualified in spinning and weaving. Not under 25 years of age. Salary on a scale £29-6-6-£44. If possessing Teachers

**PUO EA MORENA
CHURCHILL**

Morena Winston Churchill, Tona-kgoalo ea Minuso oa England, o puru-mile maloba Phalamenteng ea America, motseng oa Washington, a re "Kajeno re thubile sera lepetleka thabeng tsa Tunisia, North Africa, gomme sera se lahegetsoe ke masole a 950,000 ke difofane tse 8,000, di-kangon tse 62,000, dikgorokgoro (tanks) tse 2,500 le dilori tse 70,000. "Kajeno re seemong seo re ka ro-thothang naga ehole ea Italy ka difofane di etsoa lebopong la Afrika, gomme re tla rothotha metse ea Italy go fihlela Mussolini a emisa sefoka se se sueu sa kgotsa. Re lo-kolotse Afrika, gomme Tau en Juda-e boetse e dutse setulung sa birena motseng oa Addis Ababa.

A tsuela pele Morena Churchill a re "Kajeno re itukisetsa go hla-sela Europe gape e bilo re itukisetsa go hla-sela Japan. Ke tlii mona le Molaodigolo os masole a India, Field-Marshal Wavell, le bathusi ba gagoe, eseng go tlo rapella bophelo ba Kgosi ea Japan, empa re-revisana le Minuso oa America mabapi le phutu-gelo ea Japan. Re-itukisetsa go ro-thotha metse ea Japan e sale ele me-lora pele re-setsa kgotsa."

KESIAME CA A SIAMA

Boer Kesiame monna oa Mo-Afrika, ga a siama. Maloba o hlagile pele ga Magistrata ea Johannesburg gomme a ahloeloa go ea chankaneng kguedi tse tsholetseng go sebetsa boima ka molato ga leka go khotsoha Lekgoa le bitsong Hebert Unila.

Bopaki bo re erile ka di 7 ta kguedi ena Kesiame le monna e mong oa Mo-Afrika ba kgorogela Unila ha mo amoga moketa o e-na le £330. Kesiame a tshaba ka oona, empa bofelong a tsharow ke Lekgoa le bitsong Van Vuuren. Go fihletsoe chelete e sale kaofela ka mok-toleng. Kesiame o ile chankaneng; Unila o boetspe jke chelete ea gagoe.

**BA BOLAI BA ILE
CHANAKANENC**

Banna ba bane ba Ba-Afrika, le mosadi a le mong oa Mo-Afrika, ba ile ka hlagi ka pele ga Moahlodi Mr. Justice Blackwell go sekisoa ka molato oa go boleka Mo-Afrika o mong oa Benoni, eo e leng Albert Gadebe. Mola-to-o-hloko o sekosa kgotleng e phagameng ea Springs. Go bonagala gore Albert o ile a otloka ka dithupa le ditsipi go fihlela a eshoa.

Kakholong ea gagoe, Mr. Justice Blackwell o itse Wilson Ngubtola, 'moloi o magolo a ee toronkong dilemo tse, 12, 'me a otloka ka kgati ga robedi. Lucas Gwenehe, Samson Mtambu, Le Sidney Maxaha bona a re ba ee toronkong dilemo tse 'ne, 'me ba otloka ka kgati ga robedi.

Mosadi oo oa Mo-Afrika eena go itsos a ee toronkong dilemo tse 'ne.

**TSOELO-PELE MOTSENG
OA TSUANE**

Masipala oa Tshuane o rerile go itsos'eta pele katlego ea bophelo ba Ma-Afrika a agieng Tshuane. Go utlu-ga gore go tla Kgetho Ma-Afrika a mararo go sebetsa mahapi le katlego ea bophelo ba Ma-Afrika no.

Taba ena e hlagisoa ke piso en Mr. D. S. Mann, oa lekgotla in Joint Council of Africans and Europeans, te-leng potso eo a ileng a e-lebisa go ba Masipala ge a ne a isitse Batseta go ba Masipala godinio ga taba ena ka godimo.

A tsuela pele a re limo reportong en Inter-Departmental Committee e neng e okametsoe ke Mr. D. L. Smit, Mongoli oa N.A. Department, go de ga blaga polelo e reng Ma-Afrika ba tshuane go etsetsoa dibaka tsa go sebetsa tsoelo pele ea Ma-Afrika a mang, le gore Lekhota La Government Social Welfare le ile la dumela go thus ka bongata, ka tefo mabapi le mesebetsi ea mafutha oo.

Gone ka eoma makao, go tsejao hantle gore Masipala oa Tshuane o ile a dumela go etsi dibaka tsa baseheti ba tse leshume le metso e ts'eletseng, 'me ga Masipala Tshuane o sa a ho-ko. Taba ena joale e bakile ba Native Affairs Committee ea Masipala oa Tshuane gore ba kope Masipala o tokelo ea go hluva dibaka tse tharo tse tlangu go neeloa Ma-Afrika a tlangu go sebetsa a mang ngeng ea merero ea katileho ea bophelo.

**MOKETE OA PHENYO
MOTSENG OA TUNIS**

Ditarateng tsa motse oa Tunis, oo eleng moshatse oa naga ea Tunisia, go ne go lla diphala, mekgosi le mekgoloko-ne ea phenyo, ga masole a Bathusani a 30,000 a ne a tsamaea a roele difoka tsa phenyo motse oa Tunis bofelong ba veke e fetileng. Go ne go lla meropa ea phenyo, basadi ba Mafora le ba Ma-Arab ba ne ba dantsha ditarateng ba tletshe thabo gobane naga ea bona e lokologile dinaling tsa mabla-leron a Europe-Hitler le Mussolini.

Le koa India go ne go lla diphala ditarateng tsa metse ehole e meglo gobane masole a Ma-India le oona a sunetse phenyong ea Majeremane le Mataliana Leboea go Afrika. Ke oona a ileng a thopa Von Arim, Molaodigolo oa masole a Majeremane.

**BA-AFRIKA BA BATLA GO
EMEOA CO BA MASEPALA**

"Ga Phalamente e ile ea bona gore re tshuanetse ra ba le baemedi Phalamente, ke tshuanelo ea di Town Council le di Provincial Council go latela seo Phalamente e se entseng." Mansue ana a builos ke Mor. R. V. Selope Thema Phalamenteng ea Ba-Afrika Pretoria, ga a ne a tlaletsa tshisinyo ea Mr. P. R. Mosaka, ea gore e ka kgona molao oa ditoropo o fe-toe gomme Ba-Afrika ba neoe di-tshuanelo tsa go emeloa makgotleng a ba Masepala.

Mor. Selope Thema o tsuelo-pele are ga "re re re eme-loe ke banna ba morafe oa rona feela. Taba ea go emeloa ga rona e ka mna ea lokisoa Gape re ke re ba ditlatla ka tshana go emeloa ke Makgoa a nang le moea oa Setho, empa ga re tshuanetse go busoa e ka kgona ebe ka tumello le tsebo ea batho ba gabu rona."

Sebui sa holela gore Johannesburg go teng metse e meraro eo baagi ba bona eleng Ba-Afrika le Makgoba.

Metse ena ke Sophiatown, Martindale le Newelore, Gape Pretoria go teng Lady-Selborne, Pietersburg go teng New Pietersburg moo baagi eleng Ba-Afrika.

Baagi ba metse ena kaofela ba lefa di-chelete tsoe di tshuang ke Makgoa go bao Masepala, antre lega go le jualo gaba na babuelli ga chelete tsena di sedisosa.

"Lega Makgoa a rata kapa a se rata," go rialo Mr. Selope Thema, "Ba-Afrika ba na le kabelo ditoropong gomme ke tshuanelo gore ba he ba le baemedi makgotleng a ba Masepala."

Mr. Mosaka a re moholomong Phalamenteng go ka ba bonthi gore Ba-Afrika ba emeloa ke Ba-Afrika ba bang, empa a bona gore go ka ba bonolo gore re emeloa makgotleng a ditoropo.

Makgotleng a di Province, Ba-Afrika ga ba na baemedi. Go teng metse e meng e dlameng kemelo ea Ba-Afrika empa e meng metse, a jualeka Johannesburg, e kgahlanong le kgopolo ena.

Mr. Z. K. Matthews o tlaletse tshisinyo ea Mr. Mosaka ka go re: "Ma-kgooa a mangta a lemogole gore ba basuen le ba batsho ba thamigle gore ba tshuanetse go phedisan ka kgotsa le gore kabaka leo, kgotsa tsheba se South Africa di tshuanetse go emeloa Phalamenteng le Minusong.

Bo Masepala ba setse ba lekile ka tselo tse ngata go eta gore lentsuse la Ba-Afrika le tshuangale makgotleng a bona, empa ba battlegang ke gore batho ba ikethete baemedi ba bona.

**BONKGETHENG BA MA-
KCQOA BA LOUTSA**

MARUMO

Kgetho ea Phalamente ea Makgoa e tla ba teng ka di 7 tsa kguedi ea July, gomme Bonkgetheng ba setse ba thunya dira tsa bona ka kanono tsia molomo. Ba Lekgotta le etefesoeng jelsa ke Field-Marshall Smuts, ba loutsa matsumo u go hla-sela ba Lekgotta la Dr. Malan, bao go tshu-tilang gore ba tla boshela sechikha sa Maburu se aiseku. Nonteha ba Minuso oa General Smuts. "Dikaforo" di tla fumana tokologo Makhamanist a thuba kgethollo ea mmala gomme "Dikaforo" di tla nyala basetsana ba Makgoa.

Sechabla sa Maburu se ripagane ka bogare, setse tsoile koto tse hla-ho. Sechopha sa pele se tlaletla General Smuts, sa bophedi se latela Dr. Malan, sa bararo se latela Mr. Havenga, sa bone se latela Mr. Pirow, sa bohlaho se latela Dr. Von Rensberg.

Dilllopha tse latlang Dr. Malan, Mr. Havenga, Mr. Pirow, le Dr. Van Rensberg, lega di loantsa Sechopha sa ga General Smuts, seo se kopaneng e Mangesenane le Majuda, ga di tshuane jualeka katsa tsa Kilkenny, tsoe kamebla di dletseng go ngapano ka dinala.

BANNA BA SA TSHUARANE
KA MEMETSO

Meeding ea noka ea Donets le ka melapong ea thuba tsa Caucasus, koo Russia, banna ba sa tshuarane ka me-metso, go rialo mogala o tsueng Moscow. Ma-Russia a beteletse Majeremane gomme ditulung tse ding kanono tsa Ma-Russia di gakaletse go thuba marako ao Majeremane a itshireletsang ka oona.

Mogala o mong o tsueng Moscow o bolela gore Majeremane a leng meeding ea Russia go itukisetsa blaselos e tlangu a 3,000,000. Empe kuranta ea Ma-Russia e bitsueng "Red Star" e re kanono tsa Ma-Russia di tla thuba mabole a Hitler lepetleka mabola a hla-

Dikuranta tsa Majeremane di tla se-lla se hlaomolang pelo mabapi le masole a Ma-Russia ao a hasetseng Majeremane le Mataliana Leboea go Afrika. Ke oona a ileng a thopa Von Arim, Molaodigolo oa masole a Majeremane.

**MOKETE OA MATSOALO A
GENERAL SMUTS**

Ka la di 24 kgueding ena e ne ele mokete oa matsalo a Field-Marshall Smuts. Makgoa a 30,000 a ne a kgobokane Lebaleng la Wanderers, Johannesburg, go thaba le General Smuts le go mo lakaltsa mahilogano le katlego, le go leboga Modimo ga a feditsi dilemo tse, 73 empa lega gole jualo a sa ntse a tshure marapo a mmuso le go etella pele sechaba sa South Africa.

(Li tsaela serapeng se se latelang)

HERSCHEL LOCAL COUNCIL

VACANCY: WORKS SUPERVISOR

Applications are hereby invited for the post of Works Supervisor to the Herschel Local Council. The commencing salary which attaches to the post is £20 per month. Applicants must be thoroughly experienced in road construction and repairs. A knowledge of bridge building will be a recommendation.

Applications should be accompanied by copies of testimonials and full details of previous experience should be furnished. Age and educational qualifications should also be stated.

Applications should reach the undersigned not later than 21st June, 1943, H. B. Myburgh, Chairman, Herschel Local Council, P.O. Sterkspruit, C.P.

**IN THE MAGISTRATE'S COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF JOHANNESBURG,
HELD AT JOHANNESBURG.
BETWEEN THE GOLDIN FURNISHING
CO. PLAINTIFF, AND FLORENCE
HLONGWANE DEFENDANT.**

To: FLORENCE HLONGWANE, formerly of 76 15th Street, Alexandra Township, Johannesburg, but whose present whereabouts are unknown.

TAKE NOTICE that summons has been issued against you in this Court by the Goldin Furnishing Company, of 129 Fox Street, Johannesburg, in which they claim:-

(1) £12. 0. 0.

(2) Cancellation of certain agreement.

(3) Return of certain goods.

AND TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that this Court has directed that service of the summons be effected upon you by one publication in the "Bantu World" and by service on Elsie Leefe at 76, 15th Street, Alexandra Township.

FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that you are required to enter an Appearance to defend this action within twenty-one (21) days of the publication hereof, failing which judgment may be granted against you by default.

DATED AT JOHANNESBURG THIS 12th day of MAY, 1943.

H. L. HATTINGH
Clerk of the Court.

PHILIP GROSS,
c/o Shenker, & Shenker,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
112, Maritime House,
Loveday Street,
JOHANNESBURG.

PHEHELOANE

**HLASOLO E FEDISOA KA
METSOTSO E 30**

Ephazone e sebetsa kapela, E fedisa hlaseolo e tluisang pero bohloko. E eta hore o phemole ha bonolo. U robala ha monate bosiu, Reka Ephazone u tla bolokcha. Ha ho hlaseolo e ka tsuelang pele ha u ena le thoro ea Ephazone, Ephazone e thusa hla-ho ea hao hore u seke oa kenoa ke phehelano, Tsabetso ea eona ka phakiso e ea thusa. E nos Ephazone ha usi a feheloana, ha u sa phemole hantle, sefuba sa Mafahla le ho hohiola le Mokhuhlane o sa foleng.

Sechabla sa Maburu se ripagane ka bogare, setse tsoile koto tse hla-ho. Sechopha sa pele se tlaletla General Smuts, sa bophedi se latela Dr. Malan, sa bararo se latela Mr. Pirow, sa bohlaho se latela Dr. Von Rensberg.

Dilllopha tse latlang Dr. Malan, Mr. Havenga, Mr. Pirow, le Dr. Van Rensberg, lega di loantsa Sechopha sa ga General Smuts, seo se kopaneng e Mangesenane le Majuda, ga di tshuane jualeka katsa tsa Kilkenny, tsoe kamebla di dletseng go ngapano ka dinala.

EPHAZONE

Beware

of Blood Poisoning.

KI-NO

PLASTER

Cures blood poisoning and is the safest healer of all cuts, sores, festering sores, boils, carbuncles and veld sores.

It is an old and well tried remedy.

Always keep a packet in the house.

"KI-NO HEALS IT"

from all Chemists 1/9

or 1/11 post free from

A. KINGSLEY HALL

Box 88

Burgersdorp, C.P.

"KI-NO HEALS IT"

General Smuts o amogetse mela-ssa e mengata e ka tetang 1,200 e co eleng poutsho es phenyo, tsuang tikologong tsohle tsa lefatsho. General Smuts puong ea gagoe o England, Amerika, Australia le itse; "Dinaledi li loanelo tokologo ea lona, Kajeno le bona phetogo e kgolo.

Gothoe erile ga General Smuts a ntoneng ena, Selemon se fetileng Batsena Lebaleng la Wanderers, ga bo-

thusani ba ne ba tshaba gole, kajeno go tshaba sera."

28 Elberston Terrace
Hyde Park,
LEEDS (6) England,
4th June, 1935.

Bahlomphehi,

Bosibubong ha ke ne ke leetong nokeng o Zambesi, Northern Rhodesia, ke ile ka fumana molaetsa ho motho e motsho o kopa hoo ke ee ho mong hao oa motho o motsho ea shuaang.

Ke ile ka tsamaea le motho ona matsetsi afimbedi, me bofelong ka fihlela monna a robetsi lehohong ka tlung.



Ke fihlela a fehelo a hohlol o ho blomolang pelo, a ntse a ntsha dihohlo. me ka bona hore o tla shua, habane sepetile se ne sele hole, ho nka matsatsi a mahlano ho ea ho sonal ka sheba ka marabeng ca ka, me ka fumana botlolo ee Sloan's Liniment. Ka laela bahlankana hore ba tlotse mafahleng ie ka mokokotlong oa monna ea shuang, le hore ba moapese ka dikompese.

Katsa le latelang ha

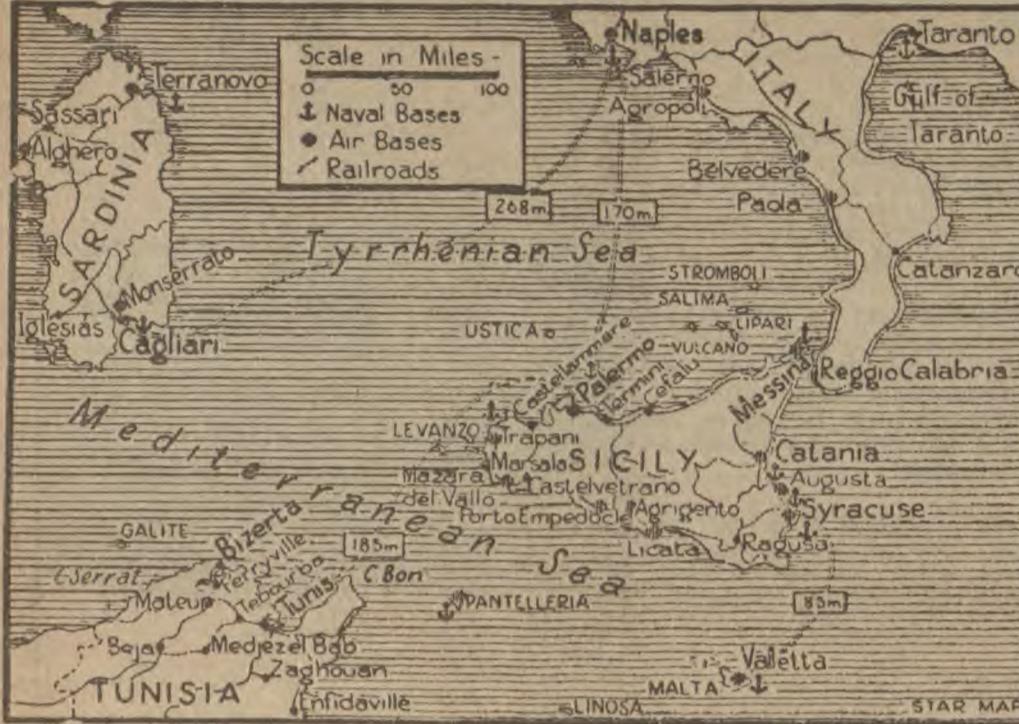


Litaba Tsa Ntoa

V

HLALOSO E HLALISOANG KE LEKHOTLA LA MERERO EA BABATSO E LEBISOANG HO MA-AFRIKA A 'MUSO DA KOPA'IO EA SOUTH AFRICA

HLALOSO No. 169 (EA VERE E SELANG KA 22nd. MAY, 1943)



MOHAOLOANA OA HO TLOLELA

'Mapa ona o bonts'a seemo sa Tunis mabapi le naha ea Italy: Naha ea Italy ho ea haro le eona le libleke-hleke tsa Sardinia le Sicily. Sehleke-hlekenyana sa Mangesemane sa Malta le sehleke hlekenyana sa Mataliana se Pantelleria kamoo li emeng ka teng ke majoe a ho qotomeia ha ho futuhelo Italy.

Lilao tsa likepe le tsa lifofane Italy le libleke-hleke tsa eona li thuakiloe ba hohloko ke makhotla a Bathusani a lifofane. Likepe tsa Mataliana li ipatilie moo li leng teng empa li tla tlameha ho itlhahisa ka nako e 'ngoe ho tla loana kapa ho tla ineeda.

HO HLOLO HA MAKHOTLA A LIRA AFRICA LEBOEA

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