M. Mut POLFETERY VIVID ACCOUNT OF BRUTAL BEATINGS Vol. 7, No. 46. Registered at the G.P.O. as a Newspaper 6d. 5c. NORTHERN EDITION Thursday, August 31, 1961

USAKA, N. RHODESIA.-This town in Northern Rhodesia has seen ugly examples of police bruone of the reasons is that large numbers in the force are recruits from South Africa.

Both the army and the police force of Rhodesia have been recruiting steadily in South Africa for at birth. the last year.

Reports from Northern Rhodesia tell not only of round-ups of leaders and members of the United National Independence Party, but also of beatings in police stations, victims with perforated eardrums, bruises, and acts of calculated sadism.

The police authorities have denied the allegations of torture and manhandling in Lusaka townships.

Dossiers on the wave of assaults are being prepared for the British Government; and reports from Lusaka tell of legal actions being considered against the police.

Here is an account of a beatingup by a Northern Rhodesian victim: HOUSE SURROUNDED

"The time was between 6.30 and 7 p.m. Soon after our supper a gang of uniformed policemen, led by a youthful white officer, sur-

rounded our house. "The white officer said that, warrant or no warrant, we and the house would be searched. Two of the African police were armed as was the European officer.

"Our situpa (passes) were surrendered to him and he then ordered us to get out of the house.

"We were driven to the Matero Police Station at a terrific speed"Smiling and unmoved the officer

went ahead with the onslaught. "But this was not the end. When tality against Africans in the last senior officers arrived some of us week or two, and there is no doubt mistakenly thought that the juniors would be chided for ill-treating us. This was a fallacy. For the most senior of the group watched me undergo a mighty thrashing at his order when I was as naked as I was

INTERROGATION

"We were later ordered to a room adjacent to the charge office for interrogation. In the passage were three policemen who beat us as we passed by. In the interrogation room I was told to strip myself again and then jump upwards and then turn while in the air. A black constable was handy to beat me up should I show any slowness in this exercise. He performed his duties to the letter for I was always receiving blows on my back. I remained naked throughout the interview, which lasted for more than 25 minutes.

"If this was not torture then let us have the police tell us what it is.'

Women's Conference Conference This Week-end PORT ELIZABETH. The Regional Committee of ≣ the Federation of S.A. Wo-≣

men has been busy all week putting finishing touches to the arrangements for the national which = women's conference



above 65 m.p.h.

TURNED INTO PUNCH-BALLS

"The young officer, in the presence of a senior officer, turned us into punch-balls. He used both open hands and fists to our faces. "When the officer was tired of

hitting us he used his military boots on us. He later told his African juniors to "warm themselves" on us. This they did with great gusto, raining blows on our unprotected faces and bodies. I bled profusely, but, alas, first-aid was not forthcoming.

takes place at the Muslim Institute, Kempston Road, this week-end on the 2nd and 3rd. DELEGATES NOTE: OWING TO THE CROWDED PROGRAMME THE CON-FERENCE WILL COM-MENCE ON SATURDAY MORNING AT 10 a.m., and not in the afternoon as pre- = viously announced. viously announced.



Mr. Nelson Mandela

ANDELA DEFENDS POLITICAL REF

"No Desire to Conquer B.C.P."

MR. Nelson Mandela, South asylum to political exiles who fled whipped in fast last week to reply to new accusations levelled against the South African freedom struggle and semi-independent States in by Basutoland's BCP president Mr. Africa are full of such exiles. Ntsu Mokhehle.

Mr. Mokhehle told a leading daily that the banned African National Congress is (1) using Basuto- tion and white supremacy, to use land as a base and (2) trying to take his influence for the extension of over the BCP.

Here is Nelson Mandela's statement, sent in to New Age over the week-end.

tage of the illegality of the ANC to gime. make frivolous accusations against it in the hope that no voice will be raised in its defence.

JOHANNESBURG. | the world have for centuries given Africa's underground leader, their countries to escape persecution from their own reactionary regimes. Indeed, almost all the independent

"We would have expected Mr. Mokhehle, leader of a political party that fights against colonial exploitathese facilities to South African political refugees who seek asylum in his own country in order to continue the struggle against the apart-"Mr. Mokhehle is taking advan- heid policies of the Verwoerd re-

"Democratic governments all over citizens of that Protectorate who instrumentality of the ANC, to give prevail in the end."

settled in this country for various concrete expression to this fraternal reasons. We can see no political solidarity. It is inconceivable that justification for the protest of "infiltration" raised by Mr. Mokhehle organisation whose establishment when citizens of a country wish to participate in its politics.

"As for my own personal posistrike. South Africans have fed and sations. sheltered me and I have been greatly inspired by their sincere concern for my safety and welfare. The need has not arisen for me to look forces of reaction are still strong for asylum beyond our borders.

FRATERNAL SOLIDARITY

Party has always been governed by our own part we shall continue to **NO JUSTIFICATION** "Some of the former ANC members now in Basutoland are in fact darity with the people of Basuto-bers now in Basutoland are in fact darity with the people of Basuto-land. As a matter of fact, the BCP was established in 1954, through the we are confident that this policy will

we would seek to destroy the same we inspired.

"We have repeatedly stressed the question of the unity of the African tion, I would like to point out that people throughout the continent and not for one single moment have I this has been equally emphasised by left the country since the May almost all African political organi-

A CRIME

"Unity is of particular importance to us in Southern Africa where the and aggressive, and we regard it as a crime for any leader to make him-"We have no desire to conquer self a tool for the creation of divithe BCP. Our attitude towards this sions amongst friendly peoples. For the desire to establish fraternal soli- work for closer friendship and better



ABOLISH WHIPPING

I am one of the "cranks" who believe in the abolition of the savagery of corporal punishment. They've used the whip so often for other crimes yet these days it's being used against democrats for political torture.

According to one of our BAD (really BAD) officials 1,600 'Bantu' voted in favour of public floggings (similar to public hangings except flogging is more of a humiliation). But the village has a 20,000 population! We know what Govern-ment-sponsored "voting" means.

I cannot understand how nurses -who serve and protect the people against illness-could have been so savagely beaten. This is downright brutality.

Perhaps I have used the word "savagery" too often? Oh, NO!

S. Africa Has Got Her Tshombes

Grahamstown has got her Tshombes and Mobutus. Recently while I was passing through Grahamstown I was pointed out two police informers who work for the Special Branch. They come to the people as one of them when in fact they are the enemies of the people.

One of them was a leading political figure in the Grahamstown ANC branch. In fact he was once a member of the Executive. Is he now the bitter enemy of any political movement because he lost his seat on the executive before the ANC was banned?

During the recent bus boycott this man played a leading role in trying to sabotage the people's soldarity and claimed that the organisers of the bus boycott were 'small boys" and young frustrated agitators. But the boycoft was a 100% success. The people stood by the "small boys.

You had better go back to the Congo, you stooges!

FRANK MAKANA East London.

The whip is a savage implement but twice as savage when politic-

ally used. Nazi's Streicher and Eichmann believed in the whip. Perhaps I had better not mention the names of some South Africans -(sorry, "by South Africa I mean the Nats")-who believe in whipping and other forms of official, legal violence!

"DEMOCRAT" Cape Town.

6 - Year - Old Kids

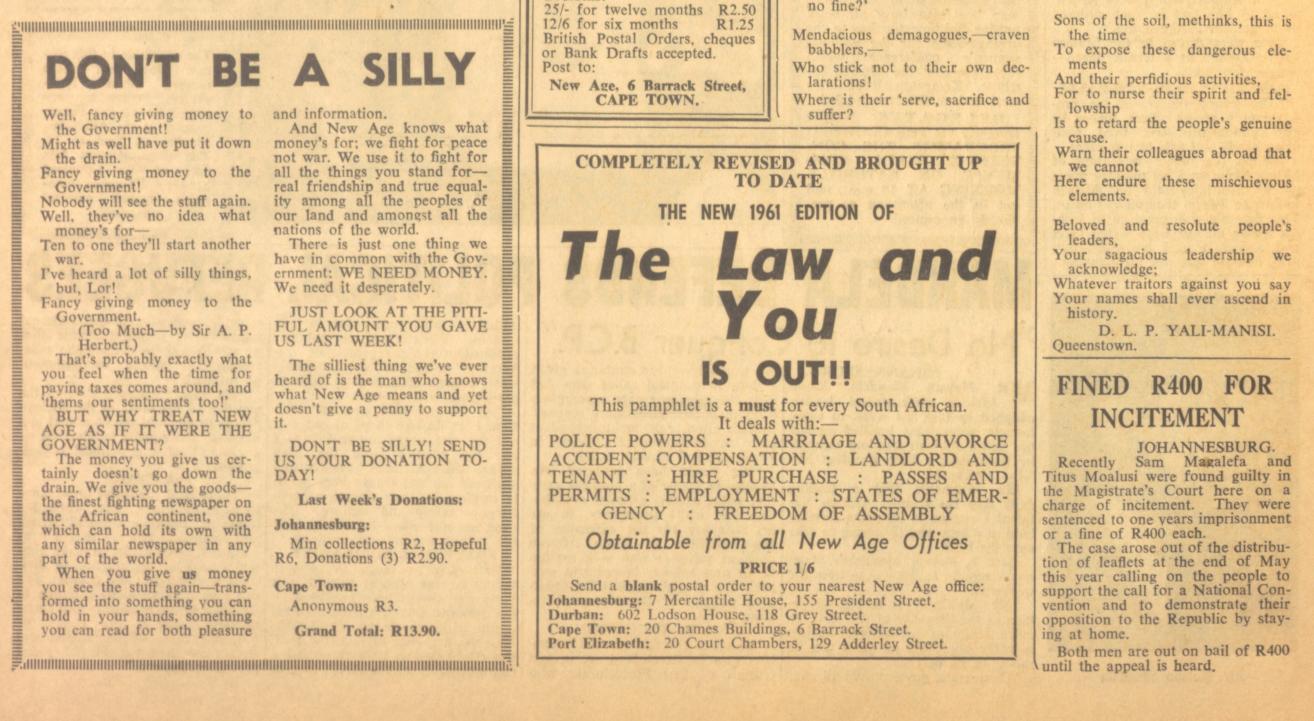
Alexandra Township children who are told by the principals of various schools to leave because the schools are overcrowded are forced to labour in gardens and on golf courses by the Peri-Urban Areas Health Board. Most of the children are between six and nine. Owing to their expulsion from school they have nothing to do.

The Peri-Urban Health Board has instructed the police to arrest these children and take them to their parents to find out what school they attend. Some parents may say their children are still attending school. Those who say their children are not pupils are told by the police to fill in a form which is then taken back to the Health Board.

The people who sign such forms (and they are told it is compul-sory) are told to send their children every morning to the Board. The payment of these kids is only 2s. a day and the Board itself is getting more money by using these kids for cheap labour because they are conveved to and from work in the Board's pick-up vans.

This dirty scheme of the Peri-Urban Health Board and its African stooges must be abolished immediately. It is the Bantu Education Department, and not the kids. who are to blame because the children are not at school.

MOSES TSOAEDI Alexandra.



Workers Want Decent

Houses

The Cape Chamber of Industries recently sent some industrialists to inspect housing schemes built with levies from the employers at Langa and Nyanga. I hope these gentlemen will strongly condemn these new unhealthy schemes.

At the bachelor scheme, you will find that the quarters have cement floors, no ceiling and are ice cold in winter. The sleeping bed is built like a grave with a wooden top to sleep on. The long table in the front hall is also cement. I am sure not a single industrialist would sleep in these quarters.

I hope these industrialists will value their workers in future. A worker should be respected as he is a responsible person who pro-duces the wealth of the country and helps in the upliftment of the country in many different ways. Workers want good houses with low rents and should not be given houses like donkey stables where they cannot relax in comfort after their work hours.

ZWELAKE XAMLASHE Langa. *

* *

Detention Without Charge Unfair

I wish to point out to the public the carelessness of our South African laws. The police today can just arrest a person without having any reason, and detain you for 72 hours while they say they are still looking for a charge.

They arrested me on Tuesday 14, while I was attending the case of the schoolboys who were charged with public violence. This law of arresting and detaining a person without charge is unfair, because the public has no protection or say in the matter.

This law must be repealed, as it sends people to jail for nothing.

C. H. MOTSHABI Bloemfontein.



FIGHT YOUR OWN **BATTLE!**

WE want you to help us fight and win an important battle—the battle to increase New Age circulation amongst all sections of our people.

New Age being what it is, you will readily understand that what we are asking you to do is to FIGHT YOUR OWN BATTLE.

Press and radio combine, in ever-increasing measure, to suppress or distort the truth as to what is happening in our country, on our continent and in the world at large. It is New Age, and New Age only, which refuses to be a party to deliberate deception, which does all in its power to inform the people of the true state of affairs.

Every new, regular reader of New Age is a potential recruit to the political struggle or, if already a recruit, a better and more consistent fighter than one who fights in ignorance.

Our full-time sellers have given all of us a wonderful example of courage and loyalty. They have stuck to their jobs and their guns through thick and thin, undeterred by threats and intimidation.

It is, however, impossible for them to cover all the ground that needs to be covered. The present circulation of New Age is far from what it could be, and also far from adequate in relation to the serious political tasks which face us.

Remember that New Age is not just a newspaper-it is an organiser.

We urgently need many more voluntary sellers and agents, in every city, town and village.

Will you help us FIGHT YOUR OWN BATTLE? VOLUNTEER NOW TO SELL NEW AGE!

Salute To The National Action Council

True and gallant leaders of my native land,

- What matters if your good names are defamed by malicious, unmerited rivals
- When the entire democratic world Acknowledges your just and timely deed?
- In this our country and in distant lands
- With you stand abundant majorities
- Of mature and ardent freedom fighters.

Who are your rivals?-'Politically Unprincipled pithecanthropuses!' Have not they now turned against

their vows? Where is their 'no bail, no defence, no fine?'

- Why have others deserted the country?
- True vanguard of the liberation struggle,
- of human kind,-
- ment',
- members
- politicians
- struggles.
- struggle
- plished.

- True yoke-fellows,-firm friends
- Worry not about the 'Unity move-
- Tis non-existing organization;
- The few who profess to be its
- Are the long known arm-chair
- Who sabotage people's freedom'
- Push them aside and carry on the
 - Until people's demands are accom-

NEW AGE, THURSDAY, AUGUST 31, 1961

MOKHEHLE OUTLINES TRADE UNION POLICY Advocates Membership On Political Basis

From J. G. Kgasane MASERU.

MR. Ntsu Mokhehle, Presi- union. dent of the Basutoland Congress Party outlined his policy towards the trade unions in the protectorate when he ad-

Maseru on August 17. The meeting was presided over by Mr. P. Sekhonyane, chairman of the

General Workers' Union. Mr. Mokhehle said that no workers' union could succeed unless the country got political independence first. The question of £1 a day would be discussed after indepen-

dence. • There were people in Basuto-land who were not faithful but had left their own country after making wild promises and demands about £1 a day. These people claimed to know all about trade unions, but were sowing disharmony in Basutoland.

Those who joined trade unions in which BCP members worked must be forced to join the BCP and made to produce a BCP membership card before being allowed to join the trade union. Workers who did not support the BCP should form their own trade unions.

TO BE DIVIDED

In order to prevent "confu-Workers' Union, it should be divided into sections covering particular categories of work under separate leadership and these leaders separate leadership and these leaders ratepayers to sign a petition calling "must not hinder each other's on the Mayor of Durban to convene work.

in charge of the local workers; Mr. S. Mokhehle, brother of Mr. Ntsu Mokhehle, would control shop workers; Mr. G. Kolisang, steno-MWU, told so on.

honour of speaking for all workers work, and on each occasion the

KWA-MASHU

in the past. Now he was to be relieved and confined to his own local

LAWYERS FROM S.A.

Mr. Mokhehle said that "people and lawyers from South Africa" were trying to separate the BCP from the General Workers' Union. dressed a meeting of workers in He named Mr. J. Motloheloa as one who was carrying out this policy in Mafeteng and Mohalieshoek. There was little applause for Mr. Mokhehle, although the hall was

filled to capacity with workers and residents of Maseru.



Mr. Ntsu Mokhehle

AFRICAN MUNICIPAL WORI FIGHT FOR RECOGNIT the banned ANC Youth League. The convenor of the Committee is **Signature Campaign Among** Mr. Ronnie Kasrils, Secretary of the Congress of Democrats. White Rate-Payers "GENERAL CHINA"

A the recognition of the African mittee Room, Durban, last week.

The committee will ask European a public meeting "at which the

Thus Mr. Jack Mosiane would be question of recognition of trade union rights by the municipality can

Mr. M. Vakalisa, secretary of the AMWU, told the meeting that graphers and printing workers, and several letters had been written to the City Council on the subject of Mr. Mosiane had been given the improved wages and conditions or

DURBAN. Union had been informed that the ten-man committee to fight for matter was being investigated.

"Our letters remain unanswered," Municipal Workers' Union was set Mr. Vakalisa said. Our pleas for up at a specially convened meeting collective negotiations are ignored, sion" now present in the General of representatives of various organi- our invitations to the Mayor and sations held at the City Hall Com- councillors to attend our meetings are ignored."

> The Durban City Council was well-known for its anti-Nationalist attitude and should therefore set the pace by refusing to support the Nationalist design to bleed African trade unions to death, Mr. Vakalisa dded. He said that the so-called Municipal Liaison Committee of appointed members had been thrust upon the workers, in the same way as Bantu Authorities, Bantu Councils and Advisory Boards.

BOLTON ACCUSED

Mr. Vakalisa accused the Chairman of the Liaison Committee, Councillor Bolton, a trade unionist and secretary of the garment and furniture workers' union3, of sabo taging the efforts of the municipal workers, by helping to set up the Liaison Committee.

HOW WOULD YOU LIKE TO WORK A 12-HOUR DAY FOR 2s. 3d.? Startling Disclosures About Natal Coal Mines

JOHANNESBURG. STARTLING disclosures of wages and working conditions on the coal mines of Hlobane in the district of Vryheid have been made to New Age by one of the mine workers who visited our offices recently.

General labourers working aboveground get a starting wage of 2/3d. per shift of between 11 and 12 hours. They work a seven-day week. After three months they get an increase of the princely sum of 1d. per shift, up to a maximum of 2/6d. per shift. Coke drawers receive 3/10d. per

shift for this highly dangerous work which often resulta in burnt hands. These workers have to draw coke from ovens throughout their long eleven-hour day. They receive no increases.

These workers begin the day at 2.30 a.m. and have to complete their task (the amount of work they have to do is laid down by the management) by 4.30 p.m. They have two one-hour breaks-for breakfast at 8 a.m. and lunch at 12 noon. They seldom complete their task before 3.30 p.m.

UNDERGROUND

Underground workers get 3/- for each nine-hour shift. They also work a seven-day week. They must also complete their allotted task each day. For instance, tap loaders (those who load mined coal into trucks) have to load 34 trucks per day. Tap pushers (the men who push loaded trucks up to the mine head) have to push all trucks loaded each day. These workers use not only their hands but also their heads to push the heavily loaded trucks. Many of them are bald because of this.

Clerical workers are mainly Africans. They begin work at 4.30 a.m. and end at 4.30 p.m. with two two-hour breaks for breakfast and lunch. They earn on the average 3/- per day. A small number of chief clerks receive from 6/- to 10/- per day.

CRIMES

Any worker who fails to complete his quota of work for the day is promptly charged and the usual sentence is £2 or 28 days imprisonment. Any worker who fails to report for work is fined £2 with the alternative of two weeks imprisonment.

Living duarters are overcrowded

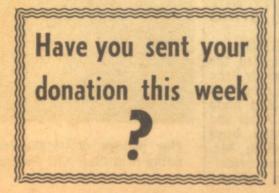
DURBAN. THE Kwa-Mashu Residents' Association, in a 25-point memorandum addressed to the Durban City Council, the Chambers of Commerce and Industries and the Bantu Affairs Department, demands recognition of its Association as the mouthpiece of the residents of Kwa very should be immediately carried Mashu.

The memorandum follows months of intense organisation and meetings in this area, which is fast developing into one of the largest single African areas in the Province.

Among the demands itemised in the memorandum are:

That rents be reduced from R6 to R3.50. The memorandum points out that of 6,000 families housed at Kwa-Mashu, 3,747 are in arrears with their rents or loan repayments.

• That the metering of water be abolished until such time as the whole of Durban is metered Kwa-Mashu is the only area in the City where water is metered.



That bus fares be reduced to four cents, the same amount which s paid in fares from most Non-White areas to the City.

That widows should not be ejected from their homes upon the tion of their Union is therefore bedeath of their husbands.

That door to door mail deliout as workers find it difficult to go

to the local Post Office for their mail as they invariably return late David Evans of the Liberal Party; from work.

That wages be increased commensurate with the increase in the cost of living.

That free expression of grievances be allowed. Any attempt to force organisations established by the Council and consisting of handpicked people will not be tolerated.

That the Council should discontinue confiscation and sale of belongings of so-called deserters from the men's hostel. In some cases, a man may be in hospital and on his return finds his belongings sold.

Other points in the memorandum deal with complaints about the structure of the buildings and demand improvements.

In the meantime yet another application for a meeting of the residents has been turned down by the City Council. New Age was informed that the residents are con- mittee, and a number of Freedom sidering the advisability of taking Charters were found in his possesthe Mayor to Court to show cause sion. An ANC receipt (dated prior why the Residents' Association to the banning of the organisation) should not be given permission to and the ANC colours were also hold a meeting.

The municipal workers have expressed dissatisfaction with the recent increases received from the Council, and the fight for recogniing pressed through the new committee.

Members of the Committee include Mr. R. Morris of the Musgrave Ratepayers Association, Mr. Messrs L. Bloem and Lionel Gay; lecturers at the University of Natal: Mr. Arvind Desai of the Natal Indian Youth Congress and Mr. Amos Ngoma, former member of



GETS R120

Mr. Andrew Chamile, popularly known in Congress circles in Johannesburg as 'General China,' who was recently awarded R120 after he had laid a charge of assault against the Railway Police. General China, who was carrying a parcel of New Age newspapers, was pulled off a train and marched to the offices of the Railway Police, where he was released a short while later with no charge laid against him. He told the Magistrate that the police had handled him very roughly.

CHARGED WITH BEING MEMBER ANC

JOHANNESBURG.

MR. T. J. Motsipe, who appeared in the Magistrates' Court here last week on a charge of being or continuing to be a member or officebearer of an unlawful organisation, was told by the State that the documents found in his house were consistent with a pattern that implied membership of the African National Congress.

The case is dependent on the fact that stickers for the May strike, statements of the Continuation Comfound, as well as some partially was withdrawn.

burnt reference books. A letter summoning a committe meeting, which mentioned no date or organisation, and an unheaded subscription list, were also found.

During the course of the trial, which lasted three days, the Prosecution handed in a constitution of the now-banned African National Congress, which had not been found on Mr. Motsipe, as part of its' evidence.

At the end of the case the Magistrate reserved judgement until September 9. Advocates A. Gani and D. Nokwe appeared for the accused.

The charge of being a member or office-bearer of an unlawful organisation against Mr. Patrick Mtembu

and unhygienic. Thirty workers sleep in one room containing 28 cement bunks.

Food is poor and inadequate. Breakfast consists of mealie meal porridge which is often full of weavels, with a piece of brown bread. The workers get nothing for lunch. Supper consists of porridge, boiled mealies and a piece of meat.

Students Arrested At Healdtown

PORT ELIZABETH.

Parents of Healdtown school pupils are angry over the news that about 20 students were arrested last week after the school authorities called in the police to investigate the smashing of window panes at the school.

Without informing their parents, the police locked up the students in the cells at Fort Beaufort for several days, and then released them in. the care of the school authorities pending their appearance in court on August 29.

Some parents feel that in view of the frequent arrests at the institution the authorities might as well close the school for the rest of the year. "In any case" said one parent, "how can the pupils study in such an atmosphere of anxiety?"

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