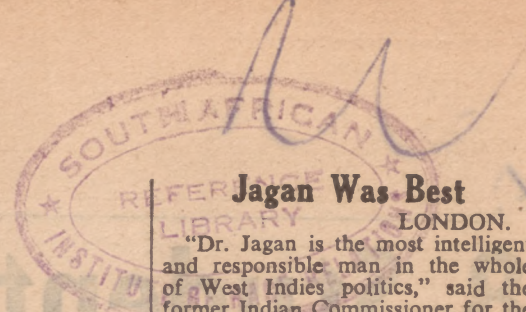


7 DEC 1953



**Jagan Was Best**  
LONDON.  
"Dr. Jagan is the most intelligent and responsible man in the whole of West Indies politics," said the former Indian Commissioner for the West Indies Mr. A. M. Sahay who has arrived in London on his way to take up the post of Indian Commissioner in Mauritius, off the coast of South Africa. Mr. Sahay knew Dr. Jagan and was in Georgetown shortly before the British cruisers arrived. He said during his stay he saw no sign of discontent and had every confidence in the People's Progressive Party as responsible people and democrats.

# Advance

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## LUTHULI CALLS FOR MULTI-RACIAL DEMOCRATIC FRONT

### Deplores Anti-Indian Attacks by Govt.

LADYSMITH.

"THE African National Congress calls upon all Africans to show by their actions that as a people we are determined never to submit to our enslavement by other human beings, and that human dignity and honour compel us to struggle on until we make the Union of South Africa a true democracy for all," said Chief A. J. Luthuli in his presidential address to the Natal Provincial conference of the A.N.C. at Ladysmith last week-end.

Chief Luthuli was unable to address the conference in person on account of the ban placed on him by the Minister of Justice.

"I regret very much this forced absence," he said, "but I assure the powers-that-be that nothing they can do will disunite us or dampen our resolve to gain freedom in our lifetime.

"Our common cause, whose justice is acknowledged by progressive world opinion, will always arouse in us a spirit of comradeship-in-arms. This feeling of oneness and the unquenchable longing of the human spirit for freedom gives me, and I trust all of you too, the courage and resolve to risk all for the emancipation of Africans in their land."

#### Victims

Summing up the recent acts of the Nationalist Government against the African people, Chief Luthuli rejected the arguments of those who counselled acceptance of the Nationalist programme.

"To fall victims to Nationalist propaganda is tantamount to Africans signing their own death warrant," he said. "Do not be deceived. Apartheid is no panacea for the ills of the African people. On the contrary it is a hindrance to the full development of the African."

#### Democratic Front

Chief Luthuli urged the formation of a strong democratic front to challenge white supremacy. There were two ways of forming this front.

1. Strengthening the African front by the unification of the African tribes under the banner of African nationalism. "Our nationalism should be progressive and liberal and thus embrace a co-operation with other communities on the basis of equality."
2. The creation of a strong multi-racial front of all freedom-loving people in South Africa. "The African National Congress is

pledged to work and co-operate with those who, respecting us as a people, share our democratic aspirations and relentlessly oppose domination.

"I have deliberately referred to the need for a multi-racial democratic front because there is much confusion on the subject in Natal, especially as regards the Indians. Some in Natal are being misled by the Indian bogey. This is being fanned by Nationalist Party propaganda.

(Continued on page 4)



### T.B. Victim Left To Die In Open

Mrs. Maud Abrahams, mother of four children, has been suffering from tuberculosis for 2 years and has been confined to bed in this open derelict motor-car in District 6, Cape Town for three weeks. When interviewed by Advance she had not been seen by a doctor or health visitor since October 7, when she attended the Chapel Street clinic for the last time.

Mrs. Abrahams' children have been placed with foster parents. As her husband is unemployed, at present she is living on the generosity of neighbours, whose circumstances are little better than her own. She also receives a 5s. parcel of groceries a week from a local charity organisation.

Soon after Mrs. Abrahams contracted T.B. she was offered a bed in a hospital but refused because, she said, "I could still work then". Now there are 400 names on the waiting list for beds and there is little chance of her ever getting into hospital.

## SISULU IMPRESSED BY CHINA

### Talk Broadcast By Peking Radio

LONDON.

CHINA was an inspiration and was fulfilling its tasks in an impressive manner, said Mr. Walter Sisulu, General Secretary of the African National Congress, speaking over Peking Radio last Wednesday at the end of a tour of the country. Mr. Sisulu was recently a guest at the World Youth Festival in Bucharest and visited China at the invitation of the leading Youth Organisations.

"I have now seen the Chinese people in various walks of life," he said. "The workers in the cities, the peasants in the villages carrying on determinedly, vigorously and enthusiastically the great task of building new China.

"I have attended meetings and discussions of youth, women and trade union organisations in which detailed plans of the industrialisation of the country have been outlined. I have been highly impressed by the manner in which they explained with concrete examples how they are fulfilling and over-fulfilling the task of their planned national economy assigned to them by the People's Government."

He emphasised that the keynote of the great China National Day celebrations which he attended was the desire of the people for peace. All the speeches of the leading Government officials expressed belief in a lasting peace.

"Directing myself more specifically to the work of the youth and their struggle for peace and friendship, I am quite confident in the World Federation of Democratic Youth and from what I have seen of the Chinese youth, that they can perform such a task honourably.

#### TURNING POINT

"In conclusion I wish to state most emphatically that the libera- (Continued on page 3)

### Witchcraft and Atom Madness

NEW YORK.

A small piece of flesh from a Japanese victim of the world's first atomic bomb attack was placed in the cornerstone of the new American atom-bomb-proof building for the Armed Forces Institute of Pathology which was laid in Washington on October 20. According to the San Francisco Chronicle, the flesh is from a victim of radiation from the bomb explosion over Hiroshima. The new building is of extra thick reinforced concrete and has no windows. It has three stories below ground and five above,

## STOP that Headache!

Mag-Aspirin is better. When throbbing headaches torture you, take Mag-Aspirin at once! Feel how gently the nerves are calmed, the pain soothed away. Mag-Aspirin quickly restores sound, health-giving sleep. It has given thousands of sufferers welcome relief from headache, bladder pain, backache, toothache, lumbago, neuritis and rheumatic pains.

## MAG-ASPIRIN is not ordinary aspirin

Mag-Aspirin Powders, 2/- per box. Also available in Tablets at 2/6 at all chemists and stores.

# 8 Students Arrested, 134 Sent Home

## PIMVILLE MILKMEN ARRESTED

JOHANNESBURG.

After fifty years of continuous service to their community, the African milk deliverymen of Pimville have been arrested and charged with "illegal trading." Twelve of them appeared in the Kliptown Court last week, and were defended by Mr. de Jager.

Mr. Jonas Mokhosi, chairman of the Pimville branch of the African National Congress, says that the men performed an essential service to the community, and that the Council has for many years been aware of their position.

"Ever since Pimville was established fifty years ago," he said, "the African milkmen have been in the township with the knowledge and even the encouragement of the Council. In fact, in former years, people were even encouraged to own cattle in the township."

Mr. Lawrence Ncombo, veteran member of the Pimville Advisory Board, states that police descended suddenly on the milk-sellers without any prior notice or warning.

# More Trouble at African Mission Schools

CAPE TOWN.

WHILE the Ciskeian Bunga last week was discussing a proposal that a commission should visit all educational institutions in the Cape to try to put an end to the frequent riots in these institutions, trouble flared up at two more Native Colleges.

They were the Mariathal Combined and High School at Ixopo, Natal, a Catholic Institution, and the Healdtown Missionary Institution in the Eastern Cape, a Methodist Institution.

At Mariathal a shot was fired by one of the staff and stones were thrown by the students, when the Africans demonstrated against the beating and expulsion of a 19-year-old student.

After African teachers had intervened, it was agreed between the students and the Father in charge

of the school that the students should return to their dormitories, and the expelled student would be recalled the next day.

That evening a party of police visited the school and spoke to the boys. One of the teachers, Mr. H. D. Mlonyeni, explained that the trouble was over and peace had been restored.

Later Mr. Mlonyeni was dismissed at 24 hours notice, no explanation being given. Following a further police raid, 26 of the boys were expelled from the school and 8 charged in the courts with public violence. The case is proceeding.

### PASSIVE RESISTANCE

At Healdtown, about 108 senior students were sent home after they had staged a passive resistance campaign in protest against conditions at the college.

Feeling had been mounting since the beginning of the term, and finally the students sent a letter to the boarding master demanding

- (1) that the privilege of appointing five prefects, which had been abolished, be restored;
- (2) that the diet, described as "disgusting", be improved;
- (3) that the manual line system, which had been in force since 1940 but was recently abolished, be restored;
- (4) that permission be restored to the male students to visit the girls' hostel;
- (5) that service in the bakery, which started at 3 o'clock in the morning, be abolished, as it was interfering with the students' studies;
- (6) that steps be taken to restore the respect of the juniors for the senior pupils.

### POLICE CALLED IN

The letter was ignored, so the senior students decided to boycott meals in protest. The Principal responded by deciding to dismiss all the senior students. When the students refused to leave he called in the police, and the students were compelled to return to their homes.

Following the dismissal of the senior students, junior students have also been threatening to leave. Some of the teachers have resigned from the discipline committee as they did not approve of the principal's decision.

The dismissed students came from as far afield as Cape Town, Johannesburg and Port Elizabeth. Many of them, owing to the lack of passenger trains, were compelled to return home by goods train.

### A.N.C. To Investigate Allegations

JOHANNESBURG.

The Transvaal Executive of the African National Congress has set up a sub-committee to investigate charges that certain members of Congress have been conducting disruptive activities within the organization.

# Clarion Call

## Unhappy Wretch

OPENING the 1953 session of the Bunga last week, the Minister of Native Affairs, Dr. Verwoerd, said "it was the Government's policy that the Bantu should accept responsibility for his own development".

It is the Africans' policy too. Only there is a slight difference between what they and Dr. Verwoerd have in mind when they talk of responsibility.

Verwoerd says "the Bantu people should not merely stand aside and watch what the white man was doing and then think that they could do likewise".

Of course not. Why should the Bantu expect to live in fine houses and drive around in big cars? Why should the Bantu be able to run factories, hold shares and gamble on the stock exchange? Why should the arm of a European official be made tired writing out wool cheques for black farmers?

Oh no. The Bantu must "accept responsibility for his own development", but Dr. Verwoerd is not going to allow him to develop as he wishes. The Bantu must develop as Dr. Verwoerd wishes.

In other words, Dr. Verwoerd wants the Bantu to co-operate in his own enslavement, to help the Government in the administration of the Urban Areas Act, the pass laws, the Bantu Education Act, the culling of cattle and the thousand and one acts of oppression perpetrated by the Government against him.

No wonder the Minister, speaking at a luncheon (presumably for Europeans only) at Kingwilliamstown the same day, confessed he did not like his job, and asked for the sympathy of his audience. "Some people call me starry-eyed," he said, "but in everything we do we must look far ahead".

Hitler, planning his greater German Reich, looked a 1,000 years ahead but didn't last 10. And when the end came for him and his criminal gang of racist butchers, nobody felt sorry for them.

It was an African member of the Bunga, Mr. A. B. Mzazi, who reminded the Minister that "according to Native custom, a son must be consulted before his house is allotted to him. He is not just told to go here or there".

It is about time Verwoerd stopped ordering the African people about and then complaining he doesn't get their co-operation. And it is also about time he stopped feeling sorry for himself; he will have time enough for that when the Africans really take over responsibility for their own development.

### For Services Rendered

General George Marshall, former United States Secretary of State and author of the Marshall Plan, has been awarded the Nobel Peace Prize for 1953.

One doesn't know whether to laugh or cry at this award.

For it was the Marshall Plan which, by attaching strings to the provision of United States aid to Europe smashed the war-time unity of the United Nations.

The United States, under the provisions of the Marshall Plan, was only prepared to help Europe economically provided she was given a say in the way the funds were used by the recipient nation. This meant direct U.S. intervention in, and ultimately control over, the internal economy of other countries.

The Soviet Union and the other countries of Eastern Europe were not prepared to surrender their independence to the almighty dollar. They preferred to suffer initial hardship and rely on their own strength and capabilities to see them through the post-war economic difficulties.

Britain, France, Italy and the other nations of Western Europe accepted United States aid—and eventually United States domination. Today the U.S. is boss in these countries; United States troops are stationed there, United States atomic bombs and atomic cannon are stock-piled there for use in a future anti-Soviet war.

It was the Marshall Plan which lowered the iron curtain over Europe, set the tone for the cold war, and has been responsible for all the alarms, war scares and international hostility which have plagued man's peace of mind and security for the last five years.

And it is the author of the Marshall Plan who now gets the Nobel Peace Prize.

Perhaps this is understandable when one bears in mind that the Nobel Peace Prize was founded, almost as an act of conscience, by a Swedish armaments manufacturer. The truth behind international capitalism will out.

### Art And Reality

I see the Afrikaans Pers Boekhandel has launched a competition for African writers "to foster Bantu literature". There are sections for the novel, drama and poetry. A cash prize of £100 plus 12½ per cent royalties will be awarded in each section.

But the sponsors will not accept any manuscript portraying "political and church conflicts" or "unsavoury situations". One wonders what there is left for the African author to write about.

If such a prohibition were applied to all South African writers, very few of the classics of our literature would ever have seen the light of day. "God's Stepchildren," "Cry the Beloved Country", "Too Late the Phalarope", the novels of Peter Abrahams, Stuart Cloete, Laurens van der Post's "In a Province"—all these and many others would have been banned.

Literature can have very little meaning unless it is true to life. If the Afrikaans Pers Boekhandel is afraid of life and afraid of the truth, it should leave literature alone and stick to propaganda.

CHANTICLEER



Treat yourself to true smoking pleasure



Dr. Verwoerd, speaking at a luncheon in his honour at Kingwilliamstown last week, said: "Some people call me starry-eyed but in everything we do we must look far ahead."

# ISRAEL WORKERS DENOUNCE MURDER OF ARAB VILLAGERS

## Incident Reveals Near East Economic Crisis

TEL AVIV.

DEMOCRATIC organisations in Israel have roundly condemned the brutal destruction of the Arab village of Kibya earlier this month.

This act, which has earned for the Israeli Government worldwide condemnation, has exposed not only the reactionary role of Prime Minister Ben Gurion and his cabinet and the puppet rulers of Jordan, who need border troubles to divert attention from their own internal difficulties.

It has also drawn attention to the sinister part played by the United Nations Truce Observation Commission which has been accused of fomenting trouble in order to hasten the arms race in the Near East.

In a single night armed units of the Israeli Army crossed the border into Jordan and attacked three sleeping Arab villages, one of which, Kibya, was completely demolished by high explosives and mortar fire and some 66 Arabs, men, women and children, killed.

### PROPAGANDA SHIFTS

The reactions of the Ben Gurion Government and its propaganda agencies was characteristic. At first the official radio and Press unanimously upheld the Government's

action and it was claimed the raid was merely a retaliation for the killing a few nights previously of a mother and two children in the Israel village of Yahud by alleged infiltration from Jordan.

But in the face of increasing world hostility to the massacre, the Israeli Government claimed that the Israel Army had not participated in the act. In view of the clear facts, nobody could take this seriously, and the official justification fell back on references to the series of border incidents over a period of four years.

The Government used the argument (familiar in South Africa) that it was all very well for the outside world to talk but they did not understand the position here.

But this can never justify the cold-blooded killing of innocent people, and the progressive organisations and Israeli workers were quick to denounce a policy of murder. Dr. Moshe Sneh, well-known militant leader of the Left Socialist Party, condemned the raid the day after it took place.

The paper Kol Haam called it a "miniature act of genocide" and called for direct negotiations for a peace settlement between Israel and the Arab states.

### RULERS WANT TROUBLE

Mass meetings are being held throughout the country at which speakers have pointed out the advantage of border trouble to the rulers of Israel and Jordan alike. In both countries the economic crisis is placing ever greater and more unbearable burdens on the people. This is the real background to the border tension.

### ACTING FOR U.S.?

Another widely voiced demand is for the recall of General Vagn Bennike, chief of the U.N. Truce Observation Commission. He is accused of acting in the interests of the United States war party who welcome the continuation of fighting and incidents in order to turn the Near East into an armed camp.

While nobody believes the Kibya massacre will discourage Jordanian infiltrators it has caused the greatest nervousness in the Israel settlements along the border. At the same time Arab citizens of Israel are more and more apprehensive of their future in this country.

### Heaven Wouldn't Suit McCarthy

LONDON.

Lecturing on a trip to America, Rev. Professor W. R. Forrester of St. Mary's College, St. Andrew's University, Scotland, said of Senator McCarthy: "I'm afraid he won't be very happy in heaven, if he gets there, because every angel has a left wing."

the sterling area than in America itself.

Lynceus points out that when in 1949 America's production merely stopped rising, its imports from Britain at once fell by 20 per cent. Even with a 5 per cent American recession which lasted for more than six months "then almost certainly unemployment in Britain would return to a level that has not been known since the 1930's."

### SISULU IMPRESSED BY CHINA

(Continued from page 1)

tion of 500 million Chinese people does not only put the peoples of Asia in their respective and rightful place in world affairs, but is a turning point in the history of mankind.

"As a member and leader of the oppressed people in South Africa who are also discriminated against on the grounds of colour, I find myself highly inspired by the great Chinese people and have full confidence that we shall achieve victory.

"My people need the friendship of the Chinese people and will fight for its establishment. We believe in the just cause and the unity of people all over the world."

### Death of Mrs. Hilda Msitshana

JOHANNESBURG.

It is with regret that Advance records the death at Orlando on October 25 of Mrs. Hilda Msitshana, a staunch supporter of progressive causes.

A statement issued by the Orlando East joint organs of the local African National Congress, says: "She was in the forefront during her lifetime, fighting for freedom. She was a member of the African National Congress and the Orlando Peace Council."

The Branch sent a wreath on the occasion of her funeral.

# Slump Threat Worries Americans

## Millions May Be Jobless in Britain

LONDON.

THE publication of the third-quarter statistics of American production has sent a cold chill throughout the "western world" where it is now obvious that an economic recession is on the way.

Even the optimists can go no further than to hope that "it will not be a crash on the same scale as the 1928-32 world economic crisis". It is now calculated that the recession may bring about a fall in American industrial production of about 20 per cent for up to a year, and this in turn may produce the biggest unemployment in Britain since the 1930's—running into millions.

A survey by the Wall Street Journal has shown that unemployment is rising noticeably in the U.S. and that industrial output "slipped a bit from August to September, for the first time since 1945".

The paper's survey found jobs were getting fewer and job-seekers more numerous in many industries. Economists in the United States do not agree with the analysis of the Soviet Professor Varga that the signs of a genuine slump are growing clearer, but they are willing to talk of a "recession".

### BIG LAY-OFFS

The Wall Street Journal says: "In many places and many occupations both the quality and quantity of workers available are on the upgrade." It lists the large steel, motor, engineering, aircraft and other industries where there have been "sizeable lay-offs", and continues:

"Where there has been a loosening of the labour market, the big reasons, of course, are the lay-offs attributed to defence work cuts and sluggish civilian demand.

"The deepest effects have been felt at the foundries and at plants

making autos, appliances and farm machinery.

"The nation's second biggest employer, General Motors Corp., had less than 483,000 people on its payroll last month. That was down from the post-Korea peak of about 500,000 reached last Spring."

### 20 PER CENT FALL

The economic expert "Lynceus" writing in the London Economist, predicts cautiously, a fall in America's total production of between 5 and 10 per cent and of factory production alone of some 20 per cent—and to stay there for a year.

Total production has so far "slipped" by only 1/4 per cent and factory production alone by some 3 per cent. But these figures have behind them a series of circumstances which rule out any easy optimism of a "seasonal decline".

The United States economy is so strongly organised on an international scale that it is able to export the worst impact of a recession for a considerable time and hence the effects of a "recession" would far more drastic in

## NOT EVEN HALF-WAY

At the beginning of August we asked you to give us £5,000 by the end of 1953. Three months have passed and we have not yet reached even the half-way mark. The total to date is £2,410.

What we said in our original appeal still holds good—the existence of our paper depends entirely upon you, our readers and supporters. Don't let us down!

Last week's donations totalled £215. Not a bad start to November, but we shall have to average far more than that each week from now onwards if we want to reach that £5,000 by the end of the year. Johannesburg sent in £153 of this week's total. Of that amount, Benoni readers contributed £40, an Old Timer £25 and a Johannesburg supporter £50.

Cape Town raised £61 14s., half of which came from a jumble sale organised by the indefatigable ladies of the local League.

Make the attainment of our target a matter of personal honour. Send your donation without delay.



## What a wonderful way to banish CONSTIPATION

Know why Partons do so much for you? Let me tell you! In the first place, Partons make sure that you get rid of all the body's waste. In the second place, they regulate the entire nervous and digestive systems. That's a great combination! That's the only way to put the spring back into your step and the sparkle into your eyes. You don't just want to relieve Constipation. You want to make sure of complete elimination—get all those poisons out of your system. You can't expect to be free of Headaches, Depression, Sluggishness, Indigestion and Blotchy skin until you do, you know. And there's nothing like Partons for the job!

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30 pills 1/- 50 pills 1/6

# WORLD T.U.C. CONGRESS CALLS FOR WORKERS' UNITY Labour Entering Period of Militant Struggle

**REPRESENTATIVES** from 79 countries of the world have hammered out at the historic World Trade Union Congress in Vienna a clear programme for a unified labour struggle and for the restoration of working class unity nationally and internationally. It will be a struggle for improvement of living and working conditions, for education, employment and equal pay, and against colonialism and war.

The comprehensive resolution on the General Secretary's report, passed at the close of the Congress by a unanimous vote representing an affiliated membership of 88,600,000, summed up the aims of world labour after detailed discussions on all aspects of the present situation lasting over 12 days.

The resolution emphasised that the representation covered workers of every race and nationality, every shade of political conviction and religious faith.

"In this great international trade union gathering, the most important in the history of the Labour movement, we have discussed our demands and our struggle, our plans and hopes. Together we have democratically worked out and adopted a programme of action reflecting the aspirations of all workers to well-being and peace."

It is noted that in countries of capitalism "the working people are no longer prepared to wait in poverty insecurity, hunger, unemployment, oppression and the dread of war. They are uniting and striving for better living conditions, for the defence of their rights and maintenance of peace."

The Congress had undoubted proof that the working class is entering a militant period of activity and struggle. Millions of French and Italian workers have been carrying on united strikes of unprecedented scope. In Britain millions have been moving into a great demand for higher wages.

"Big mass strikes have taken place in India, Brazil and Iran. In a large part of Africa the united struggle of the workers has forced the adoption of a labour code for the first time. The struggle against racial discrimination is developing all over the continent of Africa."

"In every country of the capitalist and colonial world there is an overwhelming rising tide of action for the demands of the workers—in the United States and Japan, in Greece and Spain, in Indonesia and Morocco, in the Middle East and Latin American countries."

### NATIONAL LIBERATION

"The national liberation movement is growing in the colonial and dependent countries. Old Asia which for many centuries bore the yoke of the colonialists is freeing itself

by leaps and bounds... The peoples of Vietnam and Japan, of Malaya and Indonesia, of the Near East, Africa and Latin America are courageously fighting for their liberty and independence."

Pointing out that war preparations and the "cold war" are damaging the interests of the workers, the resolution says:

"Facts have weakened the illusion that the cold war and the armaments drive could improve the position of the workers and provide them with work and bread. In the capitalist countries, whose governments have embarked on the armaments race, arms production is increasing while production of peace-time industry is falling; unemployment is growing and living standards are declining while the profits of the capitalists are reaching enormous figures."

### EQUAL PAY

In the colonial and dependent countries, the demand must be intensified for wage increases, for full employment and for respect of the principle "equal pay for equal work" regardless of sex, age, race or nationality.

Trade unions, it is declared, must be militant and show that the search of the monopolies for ever higher profits is one of the basic causes of the high cost of living.

The cultural needs of the workers are stressed and the world trade union movement will support demands of the workers for compulsory education over as long a period as possible, universal, free and in the mother tongue. Education must be democratic, in the spirit of peace and friendship between the peoples of all countries.

The struggle will also be taken up against the growing menace of anti-labour laws in many countries.

Through all discussions and in the final resolutions, the message of workers' unity was a persistent note. "Let us never forget the lessons of the second world war. Let us strengthen the unity of our ranks. Let us restore the unity of the work-

ing class nationally and internationally," says the congress.

The trade union leaders call for "unity in the factories and offices, and the formation of a united front in defence of the workers' demands".

It was recognised that the chief obstacle to unity was the splitting activity of the two leading reactionary American trade union bodies, the American Federation of Labour and the Congress of Industrial Organisations. The World Congress did not condemn the International Confederation of Free Trade Unions as such but indicated that the American reactionaries are using it to prevent unity.

The resolution says: "Let us demand everywhere that every trade union organisation and leading bodies of the I.C.F.T.U. accept the proposals of the W.F.T.U. for united action."

### KENYATTA CASE "MOST DREADFUL"

LONDON.

The appeal of Jomo Kenyatta from his conviction for so-called "Mau Mau activities" will now go before the Kenya Supreme Court on numerous legal grounds quite apart from the technical issue of the Court's jurisdiction, which has been decided against him by the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council.

The Kenya Supreme Court quashed the conviction against Kenyatta and ordered a retrial, on the grounds that the original court had no authority to try the case. This was reversed by the East African Appeal Court and confirmed by the Privy Council.

None of these courts heard the other grounds of the appeal which must now be considered.

In his address to the Privy Council in London, Mr. D. N. Pritt, Q.C., who has led the defence throughout, declared:

"I say with a full sense of responsibility that it is the most dreadful case I have ever conducted. From the moment the case began there was never any semblance of fairness."

### Americans Rake In Shekels

NEW YORK.

America's unearned income from investments abroad now averages \$428 million a year, according to figures released by the U.S. Commerce Department. American money directly invested abroad reached the total of 14 billion dollars (about \$5 billion), says the survey.



### Women and Children Evicted

These two pictures show two of the families whose homes were destroyed without warning by the Worcester Municipality recently. In the top picture is Mrs. Annie Sishuba with her five children, standing amidst the ruins of her home. The child in her arms is 11 months old, and at the time of the expulsion was suffering from bronchitis and inflammation in one lung and was running a temperature of 105 degrees. Mrs. Sishuba showed her child to the police and municipal workmen who came to demolish her house, but they said they had nothing to do with the people in the huts; their job was merely to break down the huts and they had to do their duty. The woman in the picture (right) is Mrs. Anna Maloi, whose home was also destroyed. Mrs. Maloi was not even present at the time.

While the demolitions were in progress, a crowd of about 300 Non-Europeans gathered round to watch, and the atmosphere became tense when the people learned what was happening. The 30 municipal workmen were working under police protection all the time, and police and municipal lorries were drawn up ready for any eventuality.

The people who were evicted from these huts were given no warning, nor were they provided with alternative accommodation. They were simply left standing with their possessions in the open air, with nowhere to go and nobody willing to take responsibility for them. The Worcester United Action Committee immediately made representations to the Magistrate, whereupon the demolitions ceased for the time being.

Mrs. Sishuba has submitted a claim to the City Council for £36-£30 being the cost of her dwelling, and £6 the cost of a bed which was damaged by the workmen. Mrs. Maloi has submitted a claim for £37-£35 the cost of the dwelling, and £2 in cash which was missing when she returned home.

One of the residents commented to Advance: "Prevention is better than cure. Give us houses, even if they are cool concrete cells, and we will stay in them and evacuate our huts. But we feel that to vacate one hut and move to another a mile out of town is to the advantage of the municipality but not of the hut-dwellers. The municipality is making a lot of money from the Good Hope Camp, and it seems as if we will get houses only when the hut-dwellers have paid enough rent to pay for them. The Good Hope Camp looks like it will last for another 10 years, because the efforts to build houses for Non-Europeans are pathetic."

### LUTHULI'S CALL TO AFRICANS Jo'burg Council Evades Western Areas Debate

(Continued from page 1)

"All people in their struggle seek allies. Africans must get it into their heads that the stumbling block to their progress are the many discriminatory laws made by a white Parliament and not by Indians."

"What privileges Indians enjoy which we do not enjoy were given them by a white Parliament. Why blame the recipient and not blame the giver for not giving Africans those rights and privileges? It is only white propaganda that makes the Indian appear a mortal danger to South Africa."

"Let us co-operate without fear with all people who share our objectives."

### Re-elected

Forty-five delegates, among them ten women, representing 15 branches, met at the Ladysmith Conference.

Chief Luthuli was re-elected president for the ensuing year.

Resolutions were passed condemning all recent apartheid measures such as the Bantu Authorities Act, the Bantu Education Act, the Native Labour Act, the Separate Amenities Act, etc.

The conference condemned the banning notices issued to people's leaders throughout the country and the dismissals of Luthuli and others from their chieftainship.

### Full Support

Conference appreciated the stand of the United Nations against the South African Government and deplored the continued defiance on the part of South Africa at its verdict.

Conference pledged its full support to all people struggling for their national independence throughout the continent of Africa and noted with appreciation the part played by everyone in the struggle for liberation.

Conference further deplored the faction fights among tribal groups and called upon Congress to establish peaceful relations.

On the Indo-African relationship, conference warned the Africans not to be provoked by the constant anti-Indian agitation in the press and instigated groups in the country, and appreciated the assistance of the Natal Indian Congress in combating this evil by their active co-operation.

Doctor Ahmed Sader, President of the Ladysmith branch of the Natal Indian Congress, was present.

# 'S.A. Controlled by Organised Injustice'

McCarthy Snoopers Need Investigating

NEW YORK.

Earlier this year Senator McCarthy sent two young snoopers, Messrs. Cohn and Schine, to investigate subversive activities in Europe and their antics and ridiculous statements wherever they went made McCarthyism a laughing-stock.

The U.S. Foreign Operations Administration has now reported that the two agents lived during their trip at the rate of £53 10s. a day quite apart from their extensive air fares which were at the expense of the American Military air transport. This figure is about 10 times greater than the allowance for U.S. Government employees on temporary duty in Europe.

Correspondents in Washington comment that one of the objects of the snooping mission was "the investigation of waste on missions abroad".

## Duncan Explains Why He Is Going to Gaol

JOHANNESBURG.

ONE of the last acts of the first phase of the defiance campaign occurred on Saturday morning, when Mr. Patrick Duncan and the Misses Freda Troup and Betty du Toit added their names to those of the nine thousand Congress volunteers who were imprisoned during the course of the campaign from June to December, 1952.

"We are happy to be serving our sentences in the same way as the other volunteers," said Mr. Duncan, who has recently undergone a serious operation, and is disregarding his doctor's orders in taking this step. "We are grateful for this opportunity of again publicly dissociating ourselves from the organised injustice that controls our country."

"At the beginning of this great campaign we said 'Forward to Freedom!' and I think we still say that as we wait for the next stage."

Mr. Duncan was sentenced to 100 days imprisonment last February,

and the Misses du Toit and Troup to 25 days each following their participation in the defiance campaign at Germiston location last December.

The Germiston Magistrate convicted them of behaving in a manner "calculated to cause Natives to resist and contravene any law" in terms of a Native Affairs Department proclamation which has since been superseded by the Criminal Laws Amendment Act.

### STATEMENT

A joint statement issued by the three of them explains why they abandoned the appeal which was to have been heard at Pretoria on Monday. It says:

"We have decided to serve our term of imprisonment for taking part in the Defiance Campaign. Although we believe that our appeal had every chance of success on the grounds that the Proclamation under which we were convicted was ultra vires, the circumstances which decided our original action are unchanged.

"Our participation in the Defiance Campaign was prompted by our deep and serious concern about the apartheid measures of the Union Government. Since the time of our conviction there has been no abatement in the Government's efforts to widen the gulf between the whites and non-whites, but on the contrary it has been pushing through its apartheid policy with increasing ruthlessness.

"When we entered the Germiston Location, we did so in the company of a number of our Non-European countrymen, all of whom served their sentences rather than pay the fine imposed on them by the Court. As in our opinion our offences were identi-

cal with theirs, despite the fact that we were charged under a different law, we have now decided likewise to serve our sentences.

"In doing so we state that we deplore the attempts made by the authorities to impose discrimination in our treatment. We have therefore withdrawn our appeal."

Mr. Duncan, son of a former Governor-General the late Sir Patrick Duncan, is a farmer at Ladybrand.

Miss du Toit is the former secretary of the Laundry Workers' Union, who was banned from her Union last year by Mr. Swart, in terms of the Suppression of Communism Act.

Freda Troup, author of a well-known book on Rev. Michael Scott—in Face of Fear—is a Johannesburg housewife who was born and educated in Pretoria. She is a member of both the Congress of Democrats and of the Liberal Party.

### WELL-WISHERS

In the crowded office of Messrs. Bloom and Warner, their attorneys, last Saturday morning, filled with newspapermen and Congress leaders came to wish them well, the three seemed in high spirits.

Miss du Toit asked Advance to express her thanks for the innumerable messages of sympathy she has been receiving from all over the country. "It shows the wealth of feeling there is against the Nationalist Government," she said. "I am not seeking martyrdom; but as all the other volunteers had 'gone in' I felt compelled to do likewise."

"I feel the need to make a personal statement of where I stand," said Miss Troup, explaining her decision. "I have a very strong feeling against racial discrimination which has been developing steadily since my school days."

### DR. COHEN'S VIEW

Also included in the original batch of defiers were Dr. Percy Cohen and Miss Selma Stammelman, who have decided to sign admissions of guilt and to pay their fines. Dr. Cohen told Advance, in explanation of his attitude:

"I enrolled as a Congress volunteer and was fully prepared to submit myself to the decisions of the leaders and to face imprisonment. In the same spirit I should be prepared to do the same again should similar circumstances present themselves.

"However one must admire the spirit of those who are now entering a period of imprisonment, their actions must be regarded as individual demonstrations in view of the fact that the first phase of the campaign has now run its course. It was never my intention to participate in such a demonstration.

"I wish to emphasise my continued confidence in and loyalty to the principles and the leadership of the African National Congress and the S.A. Indian Congress."

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## NO VOTE FOR AFRICANS

LONDON.

By a legal trick characteristic of the fraud of so-called "partnership" in the Central African Federation, the Africans will be completely deprived of any voting rights in the forthcoming elections. Conditions for the new electoral roll have been announced which will confine the voters to the Europeans and to those Indians who can satisfy fairly stiff conditions.

The franchise is confined to "citizens of the United Kingdom" and this deprives all Africans of obtaining the vote because they are classed as "British protected persons".

There are only some five thousand Europeans and seven thousand Indians in Nyasaland many of whom are traders.

Qualifications for the vote include an annual income of at least £200 or occupation of property worth £250 and adequate knowledge of the English language. Voters must also belong to an association recognised by the Governor, and must satisfy a literacy test. This effectively rules out nearly all Indian women and many Indian men.

Africans will be "represented" separately by two M.P.'s appointed by the Governor.

## Paarl A.N.C. 25 Years Old

CAPE TOWN.

Members of the Paarl branch of the African National Congress celebrated the 25th birthday of their branch last Sunday. The party was attended by about 100 Congress members and almost as many children.

The highlight of the afternoon came when a stream of young girls danced through the hall and presented a bag of pennies to the branch chairman.

"We went out to find the money and now that we have found it we are bringing it to Congress," they sang.

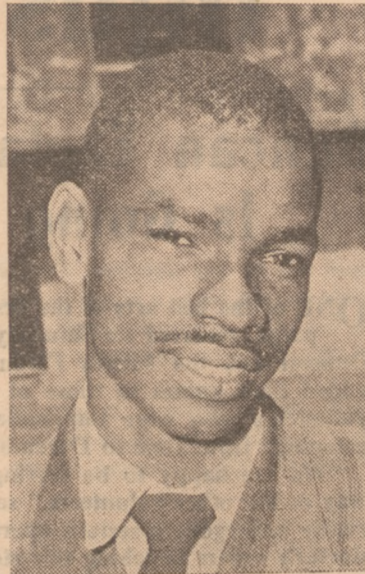
Visiting Congress members from Cape Town and Stellenbosch praised the Paarl branch for the active part it had played in the struggle for freedom and expressed their confidence that the branch would stand firm in the face of present attacks on its members.

## No Pay Rise

LONDON.

A wage claim on behalf of 400,000 mineworkers which would have cost the nationalised coal-mining industry £14 million a year has been rejected by the National Coal Board.

# For World Peace . . .



Alfred Hutchinson, formerly a teacher at Pimville High School until his dismissal during the Defiance Campaign, recently returned from Europe, where he had been a member of the South African delegation to the 4th World Festival of Youth and Students for Peace and Friendship in Bucharest.

In this special article for *Advance*, Mr. Hutchinson describes his experiences which he says, were overwhelming and unforgettable.

times. At moments I was ALL Youth. In my veins coursed the blood of all lands.

Bucharest was in festive dress. It was as colourful as the people who had gathered there, a little garden of mankind. For fourteen days that city was in a festive fever; for fourteen days it did not sleep. How could it sleep when the youth of one hundred and eleven countries numbering 30,000 was there—not to speak of the youth of the host country, Rumania. How could it sleep when the PERINITSA, a Rumanian dance, was calling at all hours?

The opening of the Festival on August the 2nd, 1953, was a supreme occasion. I had a powerful impression of impatient mankind, impatient to reach a nameless flowering. Never have I known anything so beautiful. Man giving his best, his everything towards what lies closest to his heart. Mankind unchained, mankind trampling war, racial hatred, fear . . . underfoot. Banning all these things.

The gigantic stadium was overflowing. It was colourful—resplendent. It was excruciatingly beautiful. I remember that I was plagued by an unwelcome lying pang, telling me, with its lies, that that type of thing could happen only once. But I knew that it would happen over and over again. I knew that the cause of World Peace and Friendship must triumph over the brutalities of war.

I remember the girls running into the stadium, heralds of Peace. I remember the burst of white doves, symbols of Peace, the sky fluttering alive. I remember the stadium trembling to the challenge of the brass band of 2,000 pieces and the choir of 5,000 voices. I remember aeroplanes scattering tokens of Peace. I remember the clouds of colour as the Rumanian gymnasts went through beautiful movements; how they were felled by an inspiration to form the living letters: PEACE, PACE, MIR, PAIX . . . and the beautiful Chinese figure for Peace. Brooding now like pigeons, hugging the ground.

For fourteen days we attended cultural shows, concerts, exhibitions. Our South African group sang the songs of this land and, just as our voices united in song, so were we united in our relations with each other. We were not black or white, we were South Africa. I suspect that Lindie Ngakane was the uncrowned queen of the Festival. Can that, too, be a feather in the cap of South Africa?

I have walked the streets of Bucharest at all hours. And the crowds were always there. I have walked the streets in the rain and the dancers were always there. What was time and rain anyway? I have signed all the autographs I need ever sign. I have been whisked by strangers to their homes, to parties; I have seen welcome leap from the eyes of the people we met. I have been kissed by other men and I have kissed them back too . . . PACE SI PRIETENIE! FRIEDEN EN FREUNDSCHAFT! MIR E DRUSHBA! PEACE AND FRIENDSHIP! Long live World Peace and Friendship!

An intimation, an impulsive phrase, of the 4th World Festival for Peace and Friendship to be held in Bucharest greeted me at the London airport. Gathered at the airport were young people of many lands: Vietnam, Indonesia, England, South America, Trinidad, South Africa . . . and other lands. Our mission was World Peace and Friendship; our Mecca was faraway Bucharest the capital of Rumania.

There among these friends of all colours, I had a new experience, an emancipation. Colour did not matter. Black, white and yellow heartily greeted each other, innocent of their colour as a new born child. Language ceased to be a barrier. You shook hands, named your country and shook hands repeatedly.

Prague airport was full of welcome for us—we the messengers of Peace and Friendship. Although it was late in the night a meal awaited us at the hostel. We were shown round the town in the morning. I remember the kind people for whom peace meant so much; I remember the shops full of food and clothes; I remember the beautiful old buildings of that city. Dearer than all these, is the memory of the creche we visited and the good wishes of those children to the children of other lands.

The Festival train left Prague for Bucharest that afternoon. I remember that a beautiful moon hung in the night, playfully dubbed the 'socialist moon'. Late that night we awoke to the mighty strains of a huge brass band at one of the stations. A big crowd had gathered there to greet us as we passed through. We sang and danced on the flower-strewn platform. But now we were apprehensive: What would we do with all the food that had been given us?

From that point, the little phrase of London airport grew into a mighty anthem. The whole world seemed to pulse with peace and friendship. From that point, the gifts of food, flowers and cigarettes mounted and threatened to crowd us out of the train. It was no longer strange to find huge crowds waiting for us; it was no longer strange to dance at every station—no matter the time of day or night.

I remember that we met the train carrying the Korean Delegation at a station in Hungary. I remember that Bianca, a solitary American girl, went to them and returned crying, with happiness and a nameless gratitude. They had received her kindly, as if her people had not destroyed whole villages; as if her people had not blighted their lives. I did not console her. How could I? I told her to cry, because it was good to cry for peace. I was touched by her holy tears, her immeasurable gratitude.

An overwhelming welcome awaited us at Bucharest station. We were drunk with joy. It was wonderful to be alive. From that day dates what I describe, for want of better words, as the dissolution of my individuality, a strange experience which gripped me at

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# . . . And Friendship

RAY ALEXANDER'S TRADE UNION COLUMN

# PROFITS AND PRICES

I notice that workers and employers are in dispute in a number of trades and industries: furniture, diamond cutting, municipal and the food industries.

A few weeks ago, before Mr. Swart overruled the 7,000 members of the Food and Canning Workers' Union, and ordered me to resign as Union Secretary, we applied for the appointment of conciliation boards to consider wage demands which the employers had rejected.

Disputes of this kind arise from the capitalist system under which we live.

On the one hand are the workers, who have no income other than their wages; on the other hand are the employers who own the factories, machinery, raw materials and everything else needed in industry besides the workers' labour.

The workers want a wage on which they can maintain a civilised life for themselves and their families; the employers are interested only in making the maximum amount of profit.

## The Golden Calf

In all my 20 years or so of negotiations and experience on wage boards and conciliation boards, I have never yet heard an employer admit ability to pay more. The argument from the side of the bosses has always been; industry can't afford to pay more; don't kill the goose that lays the golden egg. This argument they will use no matter what profits they are making.

Profits are pretty high these

days. In fact I see that some of the predikante attending the Dutch Reformed Church Synod recently sitting in Cape Town have exclaimed at the "flood of prosperity" which has caused the "people" to spend too much on luxuries. This opinion is based, I should think, not on the standards of those members of the church who are wage earners but on the fat cheques paid to the wool farmers, wheat farmers, wine farmers, dairy farmers, fruit farmers—in fact all kinds of farmers. I suppose that somebody must be making a packet out of the prices we have to pay today for food; 8d. a lb. for potatoes 6d. for onions, 1/6 to 2/- for a cabbage.

But the industrialists are not doing so badly either. How would you like to own a share in Atkinson Oates (the motor people) and receive a dividend of 80%? This means if you hold £100 worth of shares in this company you will be paid out £80. Next year, if the firm continues to remain as prosperous as last year you may get another £80 or perhaps more.

Not bad, is it?

This 80% is paid on the 5s. which the share originally cost, the amount in cash being 4s. dividend. You can't get the share for 5s. today, however; the market price today is 34s. In other words, the fellows who got in on the "ground floor" and who remained in possession of the shares for which they paid 5s., could now sell them for 34s. and so realise a profit of 29s., i.e. a rate of 580%.

If this impossible thing were to happen and you could buy the share at 34s. you could still get a dividend amounting to 11 1/2%!

These are high figures, but for some idea of gigantic profits that are being made in South Africa today, you ought to look at the returns of some of the mining companies.

The Messina (Transvaal) Development Company paid a dividend of 200%, i.e. 10s. per 5s. share in June last, and another 200% on the 11th November, making 20s. or 400% for the 12 months on a 5s. share!!

Profits in most other industries are less spectacular, but, still very satisfactory. The South West African Fishing Industries Ltd. has paid 25% dividends instead of 17 1/2% paid last year. Hind Bros. of Durban, manufacturers of baby foods, etc., are paying out a dividend of 10% plus an additional bonus of 5%, but the firm was not prepared to agree to the very moderate demands of the workers for a wage increase.

This 'prosperity' of the bosses is due to the shortage of goods of all kinds, a shortage that has resulted from the enormous destruction caused by World War II, and by the continued preparation of the capitalist countries for World War III. Goods are scarce, therefore prices are high, and capitalists are prosperous.

## Prosperity and War

It has always seemed to me a dreadful thing that "prosperity" should be so closely linked with war, but the link is there, and will remain as long as capitalism lasts. This prosperity, however, looks very different when seen from the viewpoint of the worker.

The cost of living rose 5% during the last 9 months of the current year. This is the increase according to the Government index, which is an extremely misleading guide to the working-class cost of living; but even on this unsatisfactory basis, the worker is shown to have lost 1s. in every £ of his wages during the period January to September. A worker earning £2 per week would suffer a loss of 2s. owing to the 5% increase in cost of living. The increased cost of living allowance granted by the Government in March prior to the general election was on account of the increases in the cost of living up to the end of last year.

It is always the worker who loses under capitalism, whether there is inflation as today, or a depression of the old sort when wages are slashed and workers are sacked.

## One Man's Meat . . .

In the days when I was secretary of the Union, I had great difficulty in getting the employers to understand that the high prices which spelled prosperity to them meant hunger and hardship to the workers. (The more wealth for the rich the more poverty for the poor.) They argued that they have to compete for markets, that in South Africa the bulk of the workers are too poor to buy their products. It is true that the majority of S.A. workers can't buy the manufacturers' goods; because wages are so low for the majority of workers, that is why profits are so high here.

Therefore the need is great for a trade union leadership that

would undertake to organise the unorganised workers and to lead the whole working class in a determined struggle to get some of the huge profits from the employers into the pockets of the workers!

## Sweet Workers Demand Re-instatement of Miss Le Roux

JOHANNESBURG.

A general meeting of the members of the Sweet Workers' Union has protested strongly against the notices from the Minister of Justice ordering their general secretary, Miss Haydee le Roux, to relinquish her position.

"We consider it a gross interference with the rights of our members to choose their officers," reads a resolution passed at the meeting.

"Miss le Roux has been elected unanimously for the past eleven years as our secretary, and has earned our trust and confidence for the work she has always conscientiously performed, on behalf of all workers in the sweet industry."

Describing Miss le Roux as a "capable organiser and negotiator," whose efforts have strengthened the union and resulted in improved wages and conditions and whom it will be "impossible to replace," the resolution states that the Minister's action is "a deliberate attempt to weaken the union," and demands that the order be withdrawn.



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# APARTHEID CONDEMNED BY WORLD OPINION

## Indian Congress Criticises S.A. Stand at U.N.O

DURBAN.

"MR. G. P. JOOSTE, the leader of the Union Government's delegation at the United Nations, has been attempting to mislead the world on the issues involved in India's complaint against South Africa, but today the world is well informed on the racial policies of the Union Government and hence his attempts to mislead and side-step the issues will not succeed," says a statement issued by the Natal Indian Congress on the debate in the Political Committee of U.N. on the treatment of Indians in South Africa.

The Political Committee finally agreed by 46 votes to 4, with 8 abstentions, to continue the Good Offices Commission to assist the Governments of India, Pakistan and South Africa to resume negotiations to settle the problem of the treatment of Indians in South Africa.

The committee also agreed by 37 votes to 13, with 9 abstentions, to extend the original functions of the Commission to make proposals which might lead to a peaceful solution of the problem.

"It is utterly incorrect," says the Congress statement, "for Mr. Jooste to say that Indians enjoyed a privi-

lege in regard to the entry of their wives and children from India. The Immigrants Regulations Act has placed severe restrictions on the movement of the Indian people even within the borders of their own country by the enforcements of the Provincial Barriers, and has ended Indian immigration to the Union.

"While a white South African can marry outside the border of the Union and his wife can as a matter of course enter the Union, the recent amendment to the Immigrants Regulation Act makes it a punishable offence for a wife of an Indian to join her husband in South Africa if her marriage in India was solemnised after the 10th February, 1953. Where is this privilege of which Mr. Jooste talks?"

### INTERNATIONAL

Dealing with the argument advanced that the treatment of the Indian community is a matter of domestic jurisdiction of the Union Government, the Congress states that the entire democratic world "is united in condemnation of the Union Government's racial policies as having within them the seeds of a global conflict.

"The South African Indian community will welcome a round table conference genuinely held to end the present deadlock. It will not help the Union Government to give lip service to round table talks and at the same time hold the view that the only solution to the so-called Indian problem is to expatriate South African citizens of Indian origin, over 90 per cent of whom have been born in this country and know no other home."

## Mossel Bay A Proclaimed Area

CAPE TOWN.

Mossel Bay became a proclaimed area under Section 23 of the Native (Urban Areas) Consolidation Act of 1945 on November 1, according to a proclamation by the Governor-General in the Government Gazette of October 30. All African men in the area will now have to register and there will be a control on the entry of Africans into the town.

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Part of a nation-wide campaign of protest against the banning of trade union leaders is a petition addressed to the Government demanding the withdrawal of the banning orders. "We request the Government," states the petition, "to consider the interests of the workers and their right to freely elect trade union officials of their own choice".

Here are some of the thousands of Cape Town citizens who signed the petition, "in defence of democracy, the rights of individuals to freedom of association and the rights of trade unions".

## RACING DURBAN

Following are Owen Tudor's selections for the Greyville Meeting:  
First Race: 1. Exit; 2. Eton; 3. Syndicate.

Second Race: Favourite.

Third Race: 1. Rapsallion; 2. Naughty Doll; 3. Cherico.

Fourth Race: 1. Boiling Point; 2. Tobralco; 3. Blue Mantle.

Fifth Race: Favourite.

Sixth Race: 1. Shacky Boy; 2. Arid; 3. Red Bonnet.

Seventh Race: 1. Speedway; 2. Velocity; 3. Pace Pack.

Eighth Race: 1. Deaston; 2. The Rat; 3. Compton Verney.

Ninth Race: 1. Crown Prince; 2. Horse Shoe; 3. Beslote.

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## SPORTS PARADE

by Bert Williams

# A LOSS TO SOCCER

SOUTH African Indians lost an outstanding sportsman last week when Rajendren Pillay, Springbok and Transvaal right-half, died through drowning. Pretoria's only Springbok cap and a member of the Swaraj Football Club, Pillay was the only Pretorian in the Transvaal XI which made football history by winning the Sam China after twenty-five years.

One of the youngest Springbok caps in the country, he was only twenty years old and was to have sat for his matric this month. A hard, dour half who was a rampart in any defence, Pillay was a natural. He had the youth, stamina and brain, and the benefit of a sound high school education.

Many feel that his most outstanding performance was against Southern Natal in the Sam China final but I think that this boy excelled against Northern Natal. It was his hard, sure clearances and clever distribution which gave his team such undisputed mastery over the Northerners. He had several years of representative football ahead and on the form he showed before his death must surely have been an automatic choice for the Federation games next year.

Apparently he inherited his football ability from his mother's side. Her brothers "Brown" Naidco, Annasamy and Bob Pavadai, a well-known cricket and soccer administrator, were outstanding in their day, "Brown" especially winning a Springbok cap against the All-India tourists.

As befitted a great sportsman, he was laid to rest in the presence of one of the largest crowds ever to attend a funeral in Pretoria. Among the beautiful wreaths was one from his club-mates in the Swaraj Football Club. At the time of his death, Swaraj were organising a reception for him to honour his part in the winning of the Sam China and his selection for South Africa.

This columnist extends his deepest sympathy to the bereaved family.

THE new blood in the Johannesburg Indian Sports Board has started on a project which should make everybody happy. Although it is the duty of the municipality to provide a facility like a pavilion, they've taken the initiative and launched on a fund to erect a very modern structure with office, dressing rooms, cloak rooms all complete. Balding Raschild Varachia who was prominent in the news a few years ago when he tried to get a Pakistani cricket team to visit this country, told me that a five-hour drive had resulted in the magnificent total of £300.

A fine effort, but let me sound a note of warning. This is not peculiar to Indian philanthropists alone, but everytime somebody gives a substantial amount to any charity or institution they insist on it being named after them or a little plaque being erected to say that they laid the foundation stone. As many Indians from the richest to the poorest will contribute, no credit should go to any single individual. Even at the risk of not getting any money the Sports Boards should make it clear that there should be no strings attached to any contribution.

### Promising

ROCKY GOLIATH, who won his last fight on the Tuli-Villa bill, seems set for big things. The Johannesburg welter is a very good boy and has a promising future. I believe Benny Singh has signed him on.

### The Moral

THE White South African football team doesn't seem to be making very good progress overseas. The local critics squeal, ask the White Association to resign en bloc, and climb on roof-tops to point fingers at the powers that be. But all of them miss the mark by a mile. The failure of the South African team is no reflection on the Administration or the players; it's a reflection on the colour-policy of this country. South

Africa can never hope to field a reasonably good team from its white population alone; unless it learns to use the talents of the whole of its population wisely and unselfishly it will never rise to any respectable heights in most of the international fields.

### Turpin's Future

IS Randolph Turpin through? Turpin answered the question himself when he said after his title fight with Olson: "I am only 25." It was a tragedy to see a great middleweight like Turpin beaten so easily by the American.

Randy gave an indication of his attitude to the fight during his training session when he was reported to be "sour, sullen and churlish." Turpin said afterwards that it was his personal problems which had troubled him, and that after he had settled them to his satisfaction he would come back on the road to the world championship.

British critics did not take unkindly to Turpin although he let them down badly. He won warm praise for the manner in which he stood against Olson, though thoroughly beaten. Randy is certainly the enigma of the ring and only his come-back campaign will show whether he really is through with the fight game.

Recent approaches to Robinson by a promoting body in America makes everybody wonder whether "Sugar" is coming back. The phenomenal Negro champion retired undefeated middleweight champion of the world and joined show business. His latest recording, something about whisky, is on sale in South Africa.

It's my guess, however, that Robinson won't come back: Firstly, as his fight with Joey Maxim showed, Sugar has gone down, and secondly he was a clever financier. Unlike other pugs he handled the dough himself. It was no secret that his manager was just an employee and that Robinson was the boss of the whole show. Robinson has got enough dough; unlike Joe Louis he invested his winnings wisely.

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